THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Mailway Steamers, and Coach Routes across the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the Bombay Gazette Steam Press.

PRICE 4 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,048—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1890.

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Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
R.M. VECTIS	3616 600	H. T. Weighell	14th Feb.
R.I. CLYDE	3438 800	J. L. Parfitt	21st "
† SIAM	3351 500	G. W. F. Browne	28th "
R.I. PENINSULAR	5040 400	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
† SIAM	3041 500	H. T. Weighell	14th "
R.I. BUTLEY	4205 500	W. D. Worcester	21st "
R.I. ASSAM	3338 500	G. W. F. Browne	28th "
R.I. MASSILIA	6912 1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
† SIAM	3041 500	H. T. Weighell	11th "
R.I. PEKIN	3929 600	P. Harris	18th "
† ASSAM	3038 500	G. W. F. Browne	25th "
R.I. MIRZAPORE	3913 600	R. Harvey	2nd May
† SIAM	3041 500	H. T. Weighell	9th "
R.I. KAISAR-I-HIND	3929 700	G. W. Atkinson	16th "
R.I. CORO MANDEL	4500 800	I. Reeves	23rd "

The steamers marked R.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

Special Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain	1890.
ROME	5011 1000	A. W. Adamson	13th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500 1000	R. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500 1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons. H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1890.
PEKIN	3929 600	P. Harris	13th Feb.
MIRZAPORE	3913 600	R. Harvey	27th Feb.
KAISER-I-HIND	3929 700	G. W. Atkinson	13th Mar.
THAMES	4260 600	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

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H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

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The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	On the 8th March 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Janv. 18, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
aMARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	4,200	600	21st Feb.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
AMPHITRITE	G. Nicolich	4,200	650	1st April.
aMEDUSA	G. Mottel	3,300	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.
aWill not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

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THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4,200	650	15th March.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,300	550	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 5th Feb. 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
M ARABIA	3341	J. Laird	13th Feb.
L HISPANIA	3380	Blight	25th "
ML ASIA	3360	Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	29th "
ML BRITANNIA	3069	Brown	12th April.
L NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	26th "
L ARABIA	3541	J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380	Blight	31st "

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
EDEN HALL	R. N. Jones	3,600	400	22nd Mar. '90

This Steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates, but carries no Surgeon and Stewardess.

WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	12th Apl. '90

This fast steamer has been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade, and carries both Surgeon and Stewardess.

Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.

For further particulars apply to

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Bombay, Jan. 18, 1890.

NOTICE.

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H. G. GELL,
Hon. Sec. pro-tem E. C. S. Association Bombay.
Byculla Club, 31st January 1890.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on 16th February, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 19th February.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 13th February, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD" 1,271 tons, on or about 11th February.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 18th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 13th February, 1890. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well-known passenger steamer CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander C. ALEXANDERSON, will leave Bombay for LIVERPOOL direct on or about 5th April.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Saloon and state rooms all on upper deck.

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EDISON do.	65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)...	400
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Do. WIRE " 1 anna "

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The "Lily" Album, richly illuminated pages of Lilies, Tulip, Azaleas, &c., on an Olive Tinted Ground, for Cabinet only.		
Bound in padded Morocco, Victoria size...from	21	0
Do. Russia, do. ... "	32	0
The "British Army" Album, beautifully illustrated with thirteen choice plates, designed by Norie, representing every Arm of the Service in the Field, in Camp and on Parade.		
Bound in padded Morocco Leather, Royal Quarto size..... "	36	0
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SUPERIOR SPARKLING HOCK.	Per doz. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.	SUPERIOR SPARKLING MOSELLE.	Per doz. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
A delightful exhilarating Wine...	40 0	22 8	With the well-known delicious flavour	40 0	22 8

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It is based upon a popular Native Grammar patronized by the Commissioners of Education in Russia, and specially arranged by the author to English requirements on the lines of the well-known Otto System. As each rule is explained and illustrated, the familar Exercises thereon quickly enable learners to contract sentences, leading by safe and easy stages to conversational power. Copious Idiomatic Phrases, followed by Dialogues on daily occurrences, concluding with an English-Russian Vocabulary of over 4000 words in common use, perfect the work not simply for the Student, but likewise for the Traveller in Russian Territory.

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BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

COCKLE'S PILLS,

OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY.

A RIDE TO KHIVA,

BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says :—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company :—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hæmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hæmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

References for the above can be made to NARSEELAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7, [illegible], and the PROPRIETORS of the QUININE BITTERS Co., Ld., Llanelly, South Wales.

4, Great Ormond-street, W. C.

COCKLE'S

ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both of body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet, will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alternations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 60 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
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THE LAST
GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL
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Under the old management and
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MR. A. N. RIDGELY, THE CHAMPION SKATER,
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Calcium and Electric Lights will be profusely employed to render the scene of the Grand March of Costumed Skaters one of the Most Brilliant and Beautiful Sights ever witnessed in India.

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8-30 to 10, GENERAL SKATING.
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FOR THE SHORT DISTANCE CHAMPIONSHIP OF INDIA AND AUSTRALIA.
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ADMISSION, Rs. 2, 3 and 4.—SKATES FREE.

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Under the Distinguished Patronage and in the Immediate Presence of
SIR JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY, BART., C.S.I.
ON FRIDAY, THE 14TH FEBRUARY, 1890.
Entire Change of Programme.

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Refer to Handbills.

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EVERY EVENING
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WORLD RENOWNED
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Seats may be secured at SOUNDY and Co. on and after the 15th February.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
A CONCERT
will be given at the
TOWN HALL,
On TUESDAY 18th February, 1890, at 9-15 p.m.

FIRST PART

1 Organ Solo	Mr. R. N. Mant.
2 Bass Solo	Mr. B. G. Hebditch.
3 Piano Forte Solo	Mr. Metavas.
4 Soprano Solo	Mrs. A. C. Walker.
5 Concerted Piece (Instrumental)	

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HYMN OF PRAISE—MENDELSSOHN.

Reserved Seats .....Rs. 3.
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THIS valuable Medicine possesses in a high degree the laxative and tonic properties of the bark, and it never causes griping. It is invaluable as a Purgative for Children and Delicate ladies.

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
[TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MORESHWAR LAXMANJEE, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased:—
RENKEEVARBAI, widow of the deceased,
the Guardian and next friend of Vishwanath Moreshwar, Pleshpadant Moreshwar, Ganpat Moreshwar and Virbhadra Moreshwar, the Minor Sons of the said deceased ...Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of letters of administration.
Witness, SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 8th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninty and in the Fifty-third year of our Reign.
(Signed) J. W. ORR,
Registrar
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) K. F. MODI,
The 8th day of February 1890.
Messrs. NANU & HORMASJEE,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 p.m., on Monday the 24th February 1890, for the supply of Iron castings during the year 1890-91.
Printed forms of tenders and conditions of contracts can be had on payment of Rupee 1 for each form of tender at the office of the Municipal Commissioner.
The usual deposit should be paid separately into the chief accountants office at the time of lodging tenders. The successful tenderer will have to pay a further deposit as per the conditions of contract.
The successful tenderers will have to pay the full stamp duty on their contracts and half the expenses of advertising and printing or preparing the contracts.
The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices Bombay, 12th February 1890.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
ASHES FOR SALE.

THE acting Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, 19th instant, tenders for the purchase of any number out of 13 lots of Ashes, now lying in the Locomotive Works yard, at Parel and at Byculla depot where the same may be viewed on application
All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of tender.
Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Forms (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 250 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and before delivery is made.
The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 12th February 1890.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.
Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

NEWTON'S "CHAHPORE" TEAS.
Further consignments of these
HIGH-CLASS TEAS
FROM THE KANGRA VALLEY TO HAND

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† ORANGE PEKOE	1 2 per lb.
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† BROKEN PEKOE	0 12 "
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A 3-pound box of "Orange Pekoe" or "Universal Mixture" Tea sent to any address in the United Kingdom for Rs. 30 and Rs. 27 respectively. Cash paid here, *delivered free of all* charges, including duty at sixpence a pound. 5 and 10 lb. Boxes of either at proportionately higher rates.
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Sole Agents.
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PROPRIETOR, W. YOUNG,
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I GUARANTEE to supply CIGARS of the Finest Manufacture from Borneo, Java, and Dindigal Tobacco. Price list and samples free on application to the Proprietor.

"Borneo Excelsior," Nos. 1, 2, "Alberts," Nos. 1, 2, & 3. "Star of India," Nos. 1, 2, &c., Lady Manilla"	3, MY SPECIAL BRAND Manufactured from highly flavoured Dindigal Tobacco.

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JUST UNPACKED, a bran-new handsome and light English-built VICTORIA, suitable for no eor a pair of Arabs, by L. Fulker of Salisbury.
Abran-new English-built circular-fronted miniature BROUGHAM, by Watson and Co., Lowestoft.
One light and stylish self-driving PARK PHAETON, with patent brake, nearly new, fitted for one or a pair of ponies or galloways, by Windover, of London.
One light and neat English-built MAIL PHAETON, in very good repair, the property of a gentleman. Price Rs. 550.
Second-hand single and double seated BROUGHAMS and LANDAUS, used in England. Also GLASS CROCKERY and FURNITURE for Sale and Hire.
One miniature second-hand English built CANOE LANDAU in good order with patent hood and brake.
ON COMMISSION SALE.
The property of a gentleman proceeding to England shortly.
One English built CANOE BAROUCHE with brake by Rogers, and a pair of bay WALER MARES well matched and age very well together with a set of brass mounted harness. Price Rs. 1,600.
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GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1890.
Printed and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.
The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.
has removed from Medows Streets Esplanade Road. (next to National Bank of India) and Malabar Hill Road.

NOTICES.

RECEPTION TO H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR OF WALES.

A MEETING of the GENERAL COMMITTEE appointed at the PUBLIC MEETING held on the 7th inst. to organise a reception for H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR of WALES, will be held in the Durbar Room, Town Hall, on THURSDAY, 13th instant, at 5-15 p.m., when the attendance of members is particularly requested.
Bombay, 10th Feb. 1890.

KASHMIR CARPETS &c.

THE undersigned are prepared to execute orders on favourable terms for Kashmir Carpets, Rugs Silver and Copper Ware, Pushmina Cloth, Pushmina Embroidery on Pushmina—Curtains &c. Circular and Trade Rates on application.
HADOW & CO.
Merchants and Manufacturers,
Kashmir and Rawalpindi.

NOTICE TO MILLS, RAILWAY COS PRESSES AND NAVIGATION COS

ALL sorts of Yarn Waste, Scrawl Rim Card and Spindle Bandings of every description, assorted kinds of Flower and China Ties, to be had ready or made to order from the undersigned at very moderate charges.
IBRAHIMJEE JEELABHOY,
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VERE FOSTER'S WATER-COLOUR, SERIES. NEW VOLUMES, NOW READY.

BRITISH LANDSCAPE and COAST SCENERY. Eight Facsimiles of Original Water-colour Drawings by Edward Duncan, R.W.S.; numerous Pencil Outlines, and many Illustrations after J. M. W. Turner, R.A. With ample Instructions for Drawing and Painting. Cloth, 5s.

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SOUTHERN-MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of OILS, TALLOW, and COTTON WASTE, during the year commencing 1st April 1890. Delivery will be taken at the Store Depots at Hubli, Ghorpuri, or Bangalore.
Specifications and forms of Tenders for delivery at any of the above Depots can be obtained from the Storekeeper at Hubli.
Tenders must reach the office of the Agent and Chief Engineer, Dharwar, not later than 4th March 1890, and the covers should be headed Tenders for the Tallow and Cotton Waste.
The Agent and Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. For any further information apply to the Storekeeper, Hubli.
J. G. LINDSAY, Col., R. E.,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
Dharwar, 3rd February 1890.

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Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, to avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
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BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
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WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 "
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10 "

Apply
MR. CHAAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,
Lanark Villas, Maida Vale London.
BOMBAY.

RE ESTATE of ZAINOOLBHOY AHMEDBHOY of Bombay, who lately carried on business at Bombay under the name and style of STEWARD and Co.

ALL persons claiming to be creditors on the above Estate are hereby required to send full particulars of their claim with such proofs as they may have in support thereof to the undersigned at their office at Esplanade Road, Fort, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise the Trustees will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the creditors who have submitted and proved their claims, and otherwise wind up the Estate without reference to the claim or claims not preferred as above required. All persons being debtors to the above Estate or having in their possession vouchers, documents or books relating to the above Estate, are hereby required to pay or deliver the same to the undersigned within the time and at the place aforesaid.—Dated this 18th day of January 1890.
ARDESIR HORMUSJI & DINSHAW,
Attorneys for Mr. Merwanji Muncherji Mody and Khan Bahadoor Yussoofally Allabux, Trustees of the Estate of the abovenamed Zainoolbhoy Ahmedbhoy.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the following Service for the official year 1893-91, at the Camp Deolali.
Supply of PETTY STORES, &c., under 13 separate Schedules of rates.
2. Conditions of contract and forms of Tender can be obtained on payment, and all necessary information given during office hours at the Bombay Military Works office, Fort, and Sub-Divisional office, Camp Deolali.
3. Tenders which should be sealed, to be addressed to the undersigned at his office at Bombay, which should reach this office up to the noon, on 24th February 189?, when they will be opened.
4. The amount of earnest money required to accompany each tender is Rs. 25 for each separate schedule.
5. The acceptance of the tenders rests with the Superintending Engineer, Military Works, Bombay Command.
6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all the tenders received.
W. OSBORN, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Executive Engineer, Military Works, Bombay.
Military Works, Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 7th February, 1890.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the following services for the official year 1890-91.
I. REPAIRS to all the MILITARY BUILDINGS in charge of the Executive Engineer Military Works, Bombay District.
II. Supply of the BARRACK and HOSPITAL FURNITURE, Bombay.
III. PLUMBERS WORK in Bombay.
IV. Supply of PETTY STORES &c., Bombay under 10 separate Schedules.
2. Conditions of Contract and forms of Tenders can be had on payment, and all necessary information obtained on application at the Military works, Bombay Office, Fort, during Office hours.
3. Tenders which should be sealed will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon, on the 25th February 1891, when they will be opened.
4. The amount of Earnest money required to accompany each of the Tenders is Rs. 200 for I. II, and III services, and Rs. 25 for each separate Schedules for No. 4 service.
5. The acceptance of the Tenders rests with the Superintending Engineer, Military Works, Bombay Command.
6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all of the Tenders received, and no reason will be assigned for such rejection.
W. OSBORN, Lieut-Col., R.E.,
Executive Engineer Military Works, Bombay.
Military Works, Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 7th Feb. 1890.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK, and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales	¼ per cent.
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LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities, and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.
NOTICE TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the CONSTRUCTION of the EXTENSION of the MYSORE STATE RAILWAY to Hanjengud, a distance of 15 miles.
Quantities have been taken out for three mile sections, and offers will be received for the construction of one or more of them.
Tenders addressed under registered cover to the Agent and Chief Engineer, Dharwar, and marked Tender for Nanjengud Extension will be received up to noon, on 15th March 1890.
The Agent and Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
Printed copies of all specification, bills of quantities, and the form of agreement can be obtained from the Agent and Chief Engineer, Dharwar, on payment of Rs. 20.
Each tender must be accompanied by a remittance of Rs. 1,000 as Earnest money. This will be returned if the offer is not accepted and forfeited if the tender is withdrawn.
Five per cent. of the cost of the work tendered for will have to be deposited as security for the due completion of the contract.
The work is to be completed within six months of the acceptance of the tender.
Sections and drawings of all bridges, and other works can be seen at the Agent and Chief Engineer's Office, Dharwar.

BANKS.

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Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
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EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
X. CASTELLI,
Rampart Row, W. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.
COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Es
Hon. John Bell-Irving. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Brodie, Esq. | J. S. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | L. Poesnecker, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq. | N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton. | E. A. Solomon, Esq.
Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Higo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Iloilo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over. Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.
HENRY. S. KING & CO., LONDON.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.
JAMES GREENWOOD,
Manager.

THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, Ld.
BOMBAY.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act.
Capital, Rs. 2,00,000 in Shares of Rs. 25 each.
LOANS.
LOANS OF RUPEES 100 and upwards granted on the security of GOVERNMENT PAPER JOINT STOCK SHARES and JEWELLERY at MODERATE RATES OF INTEREST.
ALL COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed "to THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK," LIMITED BOMBAY.
LYALL, HENDERSON & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay, 1st Aug. 1889.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
Custom House Road,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS
OF
CROFTS' Very Old Tawny Port Wine.
GONNE CROFT & Co.'s Finest Old Scotch Whiskey.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s Scotch Whiskey.
ARDEONAIGH Whiskey.
GLEN MUCHKIN Whiskey.
STANLEY and GRIMMS' Clarets, Chablis, Sauterne, and Burgandies.
JULES GRIMMOND Three Stars Brandy.
THIERRY & Co.'s Cognac (extra fine quality) Brandy.
T. HINE & Co.'s Fine Old Pale Cognac Brandy.
GENUINE Allasch-Doppelt Kummel.
LAGARDE & Co.'s Saumer, &c., &c., &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S
"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
in magnums, Quarts and Pints.
LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas 8 postage free.

NOTICES.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.
THE HUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.
Beeston, Coventry, and Wolverhampton,
The most highly finished Machines in the Market.
THE "WHIPPET" CYCLES.
Spring Frame absolutely free from vibration.
Write for Price Lists to
SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1849.
J. & R. SHORROCK,
BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES
DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,
Manufacture Specialities in
PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,
COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY.
Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing, &c.
Estimates and Drawings on Application.

ADVERTISING
AT
RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press, having leased from the
G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY,
The NIZAM STATE RAILWAY,
AND
The BHOWNAGAR-GONDAL RAILWAY COMPANY
The exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisement, on the lines.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.
The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kind before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.
And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by Rail, Placards exhibited at the different stations are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers' business to he notice of the public.
On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of profit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad, Gangawaram and Tandur.
For exhibiting Advertisement Boards on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Stations will also be received at this Office.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square, will have the advantage of having their Business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.
Special arrangements for long periods.
The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in English or any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.
For further particulars apply to The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATION THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Musjid Bunder.	Bhosawul Junction	Chindwara	Parsa
Chinchpoogly	Sowda	Satari	Dapki
Parel Station	Nimborah	Shapura	Akola
Dadur	Raver	Mirpaul (for Marble Rocks)	Boregaum
Sion	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Kaitpurna
Coorla	Burhanpur	Hala Gate	Moortizapore
Ghat-Cooper	Chandnee	Sindlapoor	Mohona
Bhandoop	Mandwa	Wangni	Koerun
Tannaboo	Dongorgaum	Narel	Badnaira
Deewa	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Malkee
Callian Junction	Khundwaab	Kurjutab	Chandoor
Titwalla	Jawar	Pedeedari	Damergaum
Khadawali	Beech	Chandalia	Poolgaum
Wassind	Singaji	Lanowleea	Dygaum
Shapoor	Harsud	Carli	Wurdahi
Atgaum	Kirkesm	Kurkulla	Powsar
Khurde	Sheringoo	Tullilgaun	Sindee
Kussarsha	Hurda	Salaivadi	Boree
Egutpoora	Timoornee	Chinchwad	Kapsi
Ghotee	Pagdhal	Kirkee	Saigaon
Bellgaum	Sowree	Poonabad	Jehwoosi
Deolalee B. Siding	Dharam	Poonee	Kelm
Nassick Rda	Khundi	Gorookee	Barsee Rd
Kheirwadee	Dularia	Yeoat	Mursheh
Nighar	Etarsee (for Hoshangabad)	Kheirgaum	Unger
Lasalgaum	Rampur	Patas	Mohol
Munmar	Bagra	Dhondi	Packney
Nandgaum	Seari	Borebail	Sholapuraa
Naidongree	Sohagporead	Deoksal and Bheegwan	Hoodgee
Chaligaum	Paparia (for Pachmari)	Kartrus	Kurubgam
Kujgaum	Bankeri	Pomulwaree	Doodnch
Galna	Babai	Warengaum	Goodoor
Pachora	Gadawara	Nargaum	Goolburga
Mujee	Bohanee	Khankoor	Shahabadabs
Mussawuda	Kurelli (for Sanger)	Mulkapoor	Wadi
Siswlee	Nursingapore	Siswa Bridge	Mulwar
Julgaum	Kuruk Hall	Nandoora	Yedagheery
Bhadli		Jallumb	Secunderabad
		Bheemgaum	Raichore

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junction	Nawandgi	Gulaguda	Hyderabad
Chittapore	Dundoree	Shankarpalli	Secunderabad
Mulkid Gate	Dharur	Lingampallie	
Jram	Gangawaram	Mudapetgate	

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL.

Wadi Junct.	Botad	Chital	Dhorsil
do. City	Ningala	Lunidhar	Samadh
Limbdi	Djalvar	Kankavay	Songad
Chuda	Dhola Junc.	Khakhari	Sihore
Rampur	Jasla.	Vavel.	Vagel
Kundli	Bilana	Jesper	Ghadesid
	Lathi	Jetalsar	Bhavnagar

a Refreshment Rooms.
b Junction for Jubulpur line.
c 15 minutes for early Tea.
d 20 minutes or Dinner.

INSURANCES.

THE STANDARD.

A SCOTTISH LIFE OFFICE OF 42 YEARS STANDING, AND ONE OF THE WEALTHIEST OF THE PROVIDENT INSTITUTIONS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

WHEN it is remembered that a Life Assurance Contract may not fall to be fulfilled for a quarter or even half a century after being entered into, it will be readily understood how important it is to the Policy-holder that the past record as well as the present management of the Office should be of the highest possible character. The Standard has a long record of past good services to refer to; its Funds, annually increasing, amount to £6,800,000; and all modern features consistent with safety have been adopted.
GEORGE OLIVER, Secretary.
Bombay Branch:
Standard Buildings,
Hornby Row.
N. B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAP

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	8 pct.	937½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	994
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	11 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China	60,000	$125	All	...	453
National Bank	37,500	250	125	5 do.	185

PRESS COMPANIES.

Albion Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125	
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20		
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee (small shares)	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700	
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	200	
Bullion Press Co.	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	400	
Brown's Cawapore P.	0	20	20	Rs. 14	105	
Bombay Cotton Press	100	2	125	Rs. 21	132½	
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,850	1,850	Rs. 35	3654	
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 133	1,325	
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	250	Rs. 30	190	
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,325	
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	515	
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	44	
Hemangam Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370x	
Mazagon Manuf. Co.	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	180	
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55	
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	425	
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,300	500	500	Rs. 45	512½	
New Indian Press	1,000	125	125	Rs. 11	95	
New P. of W. Press	600	500	All	Rs. 41	325	
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 50	50	
Shed Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	475	
Shed & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,500	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150	
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	50	Rs. 25	50	
Vulkart Press	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575	
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		600	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	p.ct	107
	750	150	150	10	p.ct	150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	11	110
Bagdy Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil		52
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.		60
Bombay Sour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.		650
Bombay Ice Co., Ltd.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5		85
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation, Ld.	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.		3,75
Do. (3rd issue)	2,000	62	15	Rs.		770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c		103
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...		90
Cooper, Madan Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs.		5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil		40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...		170
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	4	...		4
Indian Guaranteed Saretyship Ass.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.		4
Kaleeo-Hilad Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25			4½
Karrachee Lighterage	500	250	250	...		2
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26		330
Mackay & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10		7
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.		70
Napier Foundry	400	100	100	...		60
Oriental Government Security Life Ass.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.		210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	21	8 p.c.		21
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 21		265
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5		65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs.		99
Scandy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.		100
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	93	...		80
Telephone Co., Ld.	10,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8		12
Treacher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85		1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10		13
Western India Flour M. Mody & Co.	900	1	12	Nu.		35
Bhownuggur City P. & M. Co., Ld.	550	250	25	Rs.	15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000		130
Albert Edward Mills		0	60	Rs	300
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,24	100	100	2	77
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	23
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	4,000	...	-
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	12	...	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	400
Ballary S. & W. Mill	875	60	55	Rs. 2	485
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	60	500	500	Rs. 2	400
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000		525
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	90	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	62
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,75	2	20	Rs.	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,5	5	50	Rs. 55	830
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	720	1,000	1,000	Rs.	950
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	20	20	Rs. 2	960
Connaught Mills Ld.	240	0	0	Rs. 1	630
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	460
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	430
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs.	100
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,1[illegible]	5	5	Rs.	555
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	25	1	1,0	Rs. 2	480
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co	75	1	1,0	Rs. 2	112
Gujerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,0	1,00	...	..
Gujerat S. & W. Co.	42	1,0	1,0	...	..
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,2	1,0	1,0	Rs. 40	700xd
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,50	50	5		520
Hingunghat Mill Co.	70	57	5	Rs. 7	725xd
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,0	1,0	Rs. 50	705
Indian Mfg Co., Ld.	1,000	1,0	1,0	Rs. 0	990
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	50	50	Rs.	435
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,000	25	25	Rs. 1	220
James Greaves Mill after Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	1,32	50	0		630
Increased	1,18	25	2	Rs. 1	10
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld	-	200	1,000	...	625
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	850
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,0	1,000	Rs. 40	570
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,0	1,00	Rs. 30	555
Lakhmidas Khimjee	1,000	0	100	Rs. 50	705
Leopold S. Bleaching	2,000	0	100	Rs. 0	150
Madras United S.	500		1,00	Rs. 10	1,350
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	600	1,0	1,00	Rs. 2	490
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 7	10
Maranga S. & Mfg.	6,000	250	200	Rs. 5	105
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 32	1,300
Manockjee Petit Mfg.	4,000	1,0	1,00	Rs. 50	1,122
New Great Eastern	1,50	1,[illegible]	1,00	Rs. 25	650
National S. & W. Co	600	1,1	1,00	...	250
Oriental S. & W. Co.,	5,72		625	Rs. 12	480
People of India S.	1,00	5	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.,	742	1,0	1,00	Rs. 50	1,060
Prince of Wales S.	2,12		125	...	11
Queen S. & W. Co.,	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	710
Rajon Mfg. Co., Ld.	641	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,000
Sassoon S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,50	1,00	1,00	25	1,0
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,71	50	50		51
Sholapore S. & W. Co.		10	1,00	Rs 6	1,275
Sonderdas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	44
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs 15	235
Swadeshi Mills Co, Ld	4,000	500	500	...	270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 4	630
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	...	255
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,00	Rs. 25	37
Veerangaum S. & Mfg.	800	500	500		60
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		1500	..	Rs. 20	50
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	44

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	800	1,000	1,000 Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000 Rs. 75	80
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000 Rs. 90	1,05
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000 Rs. 100	1,100

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	£100	All	at 5 p.c 2,55
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c 42

ANOTHER link with the great literary memories of the opening days of the century has been snapped by the death of Mrs. Llanos, at the age of eighty-six. This happened in Madrid on the 16th of December, but has only just been reported here. Mrs. Llanos was the only sister of the poet Keats, and youngest member of his family. She was born in London in 1803, and christened Frances Mary, though always known as Fanny; and to her is addressed the charming series of her brother's letters published by Mr. Buxton Forman. She leaves an unmarried daughter, who is said to bear a strong likeness to the portraits of the poet.

PRIVATE letters to an up-country paper from General Tregear's force give a good idea of the natural difficulties which have to be overcome in the making of a road through the Lushai hills. Thus, from one of the advanced camps a range of hills can be seen due eastwards which the surveyors know to be only seven miles distant as the crow flies, but before the crest can be gained, some 26 miles of jungle path have to be cut. The deep valleys make the alignment of the roadway a task to call forth all the ingenuity of the engineers, for steep gradients mean the rapid breakdown of the transport mules, and the consequent blocking of the advance. The road itself is being made as solidly as possible, and the Lushais are immensely impressed by the blasting operations which are freely carried on. One of their chiefs, after travelling in comfort along the six-foot way, declared that the makers of it must be gods and not men. He and his fellows have always regarded the jungles as impenetrable to any large body of men, but their confidence in this shield to their villages has now been thoroughly shaken. It is believed that when the road is driven through to Haka from the Chittagong side, there will be little trouble in securing the peaceful submission of all the Lushai clans, who already feel the pressure brought to bear upon them from three directions.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Prince Albert Victor's Reception Committee, Town Hall, 5-15 p.m.
Music on the Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Chatré's Grand Circus.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 11th:—Kaveri (s), from Mangalore. Yesterday:—Avoca (s), from Zanzibar; Kaslana (s), London; and Harry Passa (brig), Damaun.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Karago'a (s), for Karachi; Labourdonnais (s), Aden; Fatte Issilamo (schooner), Mozambique and Quillimane; Friary (s). Dunkirk; and Lalpoora (s), Rangoon, &c.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Labourdonnais left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Taif entered and the s. s. Singapore left the dock yesterday.

NOTICE.—Mails for the Persian Gulf, except Gwadur, Jask, and Muscat, close at 2-30 p.m., to-day.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—The statement of traffic for the week ending 8th February, 1890, shows a decrease of Rs. 32,512, in receipts.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mombasa, Zanzibar, and Mauritius, per extra s.s. Bagdad, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 11 a.m., to-morrow.

THEFT AT CAMMATEEPOORA.—A woman, named Posani, a tobacconist, residing in a house at Cammateepoora 13th Street, reports the theft of gold and silver ornaments, and cash of the collective value of Rs. 137, from her box, on Tuesday last.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.—Dhirsey Morarji, residing at Manjvee Bunder, reports having dropped on Tuesday last Rs. 5,000 in currency notes, somewhere between the Oriental Bank and Church Gate Street. Complainant offers a reward of Rs. 500 to the finder.

THE THREE CARD TRICK.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Edoo Goolam Hossain was charged before Mr. P. Ryan, with being found gaming in a public thoroughfare at Byculla, with three cards and money on Tuesday evening. The accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, was convicted, and fined Rs. 10, with the alternative of fourteen days' imprisonment.

THEFT BY A BROTHER.—Ellajee Banajee, residing at Tantanpoora, reported on Tuesday, the theft of property, valued at Rs. 627, from his room on the night of the 10th instant. Complainant's brother, named Haron Beeviani, was arrested by the police, and all the stolen ornaments were recovered from him. Four currency notes for Rs. 100 each are still missing.

FATAL CART ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday, at Delisle Road, respecting the death of a girl, named Sagoona, aged 2 years. On Tuesday the deceased, while playing in the street, ran in front of a bullock-cart, when she was knocked down, and one of the wheels passing over her body, was killed on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

ASLEEP IN A GHARRI.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, William Blackburne was placed before Mr. Richardson, charged with being drunk and incapable of taking care of himself. He was found lying asleep in a gharri, on Tuesday night, by Police Constable Nelmes. He stated that he had just been discharged from the Tansa Water Works, and was feeling very tired, having been on foot the whole day, in search of work. He was ordered to pay a fine of two rupees.

THEFT AT KAMBAKAR STREET.—Hajee Sadick Hajee Ebrahim, residing at Kambakar Street, discovered on Tuesday morning that his office premises had been forced open, and property worth Rs. 528 stolen. On inquiries being made by the police it appeared that one of the servants of the complainant had arrested the thief, when another servant came up and released him. The second servant was taken into custody, and made statements, which showed that he planned the theft, and assisted in its commission. The actual thief is still at large.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By permission of Lt.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley and the Officers, the Band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps will play the following programme at the Esplanade Band Stand at 5-45 p.m., this day:—

Triumphal March. Aginoria.....Moore.
Overture .....Romilda e Constanze....Meyerber.
Dance .....Da Tambouria .....Bogxetti.
Selection .....Lucrezia Borgia.....Donizetti.
Waltz .....Elisea Tanze .....Gung'l.
Quadrille .....The Spanish Beauty ...Rolle.

FOUND DEAD.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday, at Chinchpoogly Hill, respecting the death of Gunput Dorgajee, aged 50 years. Deceased was a stone-mason, and worked under Sumbojee Mulloojee, a quarry-owner at his quarry on Chinchpoogly Hill. At 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday deceased lay down on the verrandah of the office of his master at the quarry and fell asleep. At lamplight when a man named Gunnoo Bhowjee, a fellow stone-mason, went to wake him, he found deceased was dead. The verdict was: That the death of Gunput Doorgajee was caused by heart disease.

A TWELVE-YEAR OLD PICKPOCKET.—A small boy, named Shamjee Dalloo, was yesterday placed before Mr. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court, by Inspector Hack, charged with picking pockets. It appeared that yesterday, as the complainant, a Borab, was walking along Sheik Memon Street, the accused came behind him, and abstracted his purse, containing Rs. 9-4, from his pocket. He then ran away, but was captured by another Borab, before he had gone far, and was handed over to the police. Two witnesses were called, and being convicted upon their evidence, he was ordered to be sent to the Reformatory for one year.

PROPOSED GOANESE WORKINGMEN'S ASYLUM.—On the death of Senhor Sales de Andrade, the leading barrister-at-law at Goa, public meetings were held to perpetuate his memory by raising funds and establishing a working-men's asylum for the relief of the unfortunate individuals who either, by old age or other accidents, were unable to earn their bread. The central committee at Margaum have appointed Dr. J. C. Lisboa, Dr. J. A. da Guma, Messrs. B. X. Furtado, and Leandro Mascarenhas, who held a meeting on Tuesday evening at the *Instituto Luso Indiano*, when it was resolved to issue a prospectus and invite subscription in British India to co-operate with the Goa committee in their laudable object.

FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL AT THE RINK.—What is announced as the last Fancy Dress Carnival and Bon-bon Party at the Columbia, takes place to-night. Mr. Simmons, as on the occasion of the first carnival, gives several handsome prizes for the most beautiful costume worn by a lady and gentleman; for the most original costumes won by a lady and gentleman; for the most original gentleman's costume; for the two best sustained characters; and for the best-dressed boy and girl. Two special prizes are offered this time for the two most graceful lady-skaters. The programme of races, &c., is undoubtedly the most attractive that has yet been offered. At ten o'clock the One-mile Championship of Bombay is to be skated for, and then will come the race of the evening, for the Short Distance Championship of India and Australia between Mr. Simmons and Mr. Ridgely, the latter of whom, at present, claims the honour. Mr. Ridgely is next to skate against Mr. Derry on a bicycle. At 10-20 Mr. Simmons will give a novel exhibition on skates, to which he will have only the front wheels attached, and to conclude Mr. Ridgely is to meet all-comers in a half-mile race, he allowing each man a quarter of a lap start. The grand march will follow, after which the Rink will be cleared for dancing.

THE LADIES' PARTY AT THE RINK.—Mr. Ridgely's "Ladies' Invitation Party" at the Rink last night, was a great success in every way, both the number of skaters and spectators being very large. Mr. Ridgely leaves on Friday for Brindisi, so his last races in India will be at the Carnival to-night; and as this is the occasion of his complimentary benefit, the Rink-goers will, no doubt, roll up in large number for the One-mile Bombay Championship Race that Messrs. Derry, Groffe, and Junginger have entered, and they should come in at the finish in the order named. Several of the "Flyers" also intend taking up Mr. Ridgely's "All-comers" challenge; while Mr. Derry, on a safety cycle, ought to make a good race against the Champion Skater. The feature of the evening will of course be the half-mile for the Short-distance Championship of India and Australia, and as this is Mr. Simmons' favorite distance, he ought to be well up at the end, though Ridgely should win. Of the other features of the Carnival, we have already spoken, and the management are confident that this will be the biggest success of the season.

THE ART OF DYEING AND PRINTING.

RAO SAHEB B. A. GUPTE, Curator, Government Central Book Depot, delivered on Tuesday, the 4th inst., at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, the third public lecture of the season, in connection with the Dnyan Prasarak Mandali. The subject chosen for the discourse was "The Art of Dyeing and Printing as practised in India." The lecturer then proceeded to describe the chief seats of the industry, beginning with Cashmere, Punjab, Sind, and Jaypore, and ending with Calicut, which gave its name to calico. He described the processes of manufacture of the different Indian vegetable dyes with reference to their action on cotton, silk, and wool chintzes or prints. Mr. Gupte stated that Dr. Starti, honorary surgeon and lecturer, St. John's Hospital, for diseases of the skin, and honorary consulting surgeon to the Sheffield Public Hospital for skin diseases condemned aniline dyes as injurious to health. He then stated that while working for the *Bombay Gazetteer* he had mentioned in his contribution that native dyes were not in use at Poona, adding that Mr. Campbell, very accurately as he was, wanted to ascertain the fact for himself, which he did by going round the city with the lecturer, and with his late brother (who was then acting Collector of Poona). Mr. Gupte next observed that three years after this event Mr. Wardle was deputed by the Royal Commission to make a collection of the silks of India, and he was supplied by one of Mr. Campbell's responsible assistants with Poona dyed silks as genuine specimens of the old vegetable dyes of India, which Mr. Wardle had to condemn while arranging the Indian silk court at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition. Such, added he, was the deception practised on Mr. Campbell's assistant, in spite of his knowledge to the contrary! To remedy such a deplorable state of things in Indian commerce, he suggested that a society be formed in Bombay for helping the Indian dyers with improved implements and good professional advice, adding that Indian graduates, like Drs. Deshmuk and Viccaji, of the Chemical Analyser's Department, be invited to co-operate, and that manufacturers, like Mr. Thomas Wardle, of England, be invited to help the society with their advice as to the purchase of suitable implements. As some Germans and other merchants, said the lecturer, had come to India for establishing dye houses in order to push trade in chemical dyes, there was no reason why India should not invite a British manufacturer to protect and develop the time-honoured indigenous industry, especially when the Briton and the Indian are both the subjects of the same gracious Sovereign. His Excellency Lord Reay, it was added, would on his return home, surely help the industrial population of India by inducing genuine British manufacturers, like Mr. Wardle, to come forward with their capital and technical skill for utilizing in the best way possible the hereditary skill of the country dyer to the joint advantage of the "Greater Britain." Among the illustrations shown during the lecture were rags of Indian silks and shawls to compare with new samples charged with fugitive dyes. Old prints of sorts, with sober tins and new prints with loud non-harmonious colours, samples of putty and gold leaf printing, and ruined curtains recently dyed with aniline dyes and excellent sample of English prints on velvet, cotton, and silk from Mr. Wardle's factory, including a reproduction on velvet, of the beautiful paintings at the Ajanta Caves copied from Mr. Griffith's contributions to the South Kensington Museum.

At the close of the lecture, Mr. K. R. Kama, who presided at the meeting, proposed a vote of thanks to Rao Saheb Gupte for his able and interesting discourse. In doing so he made a few interesting observations and congratulated the society in having secured lecturers like Messrs. Gupte, and Ratiram Dave, both originally of the *Gazetteer* office, and adding that while Mr. Ratiram had diverted his special attention to the study of Indian caves, Mr. Gupte had made the subject of industrial arts his life's study. He also observed that men like Mr. Gupte visiting Europe with their eyes open were likely to do immense good to their country, and that the lecturer's suggestion to establish a society in Bombay for helping Indian dyers with improved implements, etc., met with his hearty approbation, adding that Mr. Gupte would be a very useful help to such a Society as he had made the subject his special study and had, as the president understood, taught a local silk mill-owner how to produce jet black on alpaca and produced at Mr. Ozanne's request red on silk from *surangi*, the stuff from which, if Mr. Kama's information was correct, a European chemist could not produce the tint. Mr. D. R. Chichgar, the treasurer of the society, followed the president in addressing the meeting. He urged the advisability of establishing the society suggested by the lecturer, and was followed by two Hindu gentlemen from among the audience, both of whom spoke favourably of the scheme proposed by Mr Gupte.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE regular monthly meeting of the G. C. M. Society was held in the College Library on Tuesday. Dr. J. C. Lisboa, president, in the chair. There were also present:—Drs. Atmaram Pandurang, R. N. Khory, Dinshaw B. Master, S. D. Bharucha, H. M. Massani, H. I. Appoo, M. D. Cama, A. D. Mody, R. N. Ranina, H. C. Tavaria, A. Bocarro, and Temulji Bhicaji Nariman, the honorary secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Dr. N. K. Kalianwalla was elected a member of the Society, and Dr. S. D. Bharucha read notes of a case of Pehlvic hæmatocele

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE MARRYAT LAWN-TENNIS CUP.

THE final tie for this Cup will be played off on Saturday next, the 15th inst.
H. S. Jacob *vs.* O. Marshall.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

REMARKS IN VISITORS' BOOK.
TRUE COPY.

Clean and comfortable. Proprietor and servants most obliging.

R. W. LIEBSCHWAGER
AND
MRS. MILLER,
From Watson's Hotel, Bombay.

Lanowli, 4th Feb. 1890.

Very good tables, clean, and attendance all that could be desired.

MAJOR AND MRS. NEWNHAM SMITH,
Cantonment Magistrate.
and
LIEUT. T. F. THOMAS, R. N.,
H. M. S. EUPHRATES,
From Poona.

Bombay 2nd Feb. 1890.

The Gymkhana Hotel is really a pretty place. The rooms in it were very neat and clean, and the food excellent, and the servants most respectful and attentive. I wish this proprietor every success.

L. LAVER,
Hyderabad, Deccan.

4th February 1890.

A pleasantly situated bungalow in the midst of a rose garden, on rising ground, and open to the breeze from every quarter makes a residence in this Lanowli Gymkhana Hotel a delightful change, after the enervating climate of Bombay. This Proprietor does all in his power to make one comfortable, and the Hotel and furniture are the cleanest I have seen in India.

MRS. PLAYFAIR,
AND
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.
From New Oriental Bank, Limited.

Bombay, 9th Feb. 1890.

This is a charmingly situated and extremely comfortable and clean Hotel. I only regret I could not stop longer.

HERBERT WELD BLUNDELL,
11th Feb. 1890. England.

AMERICAN papers are making desperate efforts to ascertain whether Miss Mary Anderson is or is not engaged to be married. The representative of an agency has interviewed her at Nice, and says she told him a funny little story. Questioned as to her supposed engagement to young Mr Navarro, she said, blushingly, "I am aware that reports of my engagement have been published in New York, but I must decline to discuss the subject at present. After all, I am getting tired of being married so often. Apropos of this, let me relate a recent incident. Another Miss Anderson, who lived in the same terrace, was going to be married in London. Her bridal presents were regularly brought to me. Number two, getting angry, brought her intended to me, and said, 'You had better take him, too.'"

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley presided at a sitting of the Court yesterday, when the following among other matters were heard:—

RE HAJEE ABOO AHMED MEMON.

On the application of Mr. Mankar, the insolvent was granted leave to file a fresh petition.

RE TULSEYDAS MANACKCHUND.

Mr. Dhairyavan, on behalf of a creditor, applied for a postponement for a month, to which Mr. Mankar, on behalf of the insolvent, consented. The hearing was postponed till the 24th prox.

RE MAX MINCKS.

Mr. Macpherson, on behalf of a creditor, asked for an order to examine the insolvent and his wife, as it was disclosed in a suit in the Small Causes Court that insolvent had made over all his property to his wife. It was stated he was at present away at Lahore. The application was granted, the examination being fixed to come on a fortnight hence.

RE-ROBERT BANCROFT STRINGER.

On the application of Mr. Mankar, the insolvent was granted an interim order.

RE PUTLAJEE SUKAJEE TRILOKKAR.

On the application of Mr. Dairyavan, the insolvent was granted leave to serve notices upon his creditors.

RE MAHADOWJEE RAGHOWJEE.

Mr. Mankar, for a creditor, applied for the dismissal of the petition for want of prosecution. Insolvent was said to have done nothing for months. He did not answer to his name, and his petition was dismissed.

RE DYAL JETHA THUCKER.

Mr. Dhairyavan moved for the dismissal of the petition in this case. Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, said the applicant was really a partner of the insolvent. After some discussion, his lordship granted the application.

RE DHONDOO BHANDOO.

Mr. Mankar asked for an extension of the interim order. The matter was on before his lordship a fortnight ago, when a week's protection was granted, the insolvent being then directed to file his reply to the affidavit of the opposing creditor. Amopposing creditor appeared in person, and stated that the schedule was false and fictitious, and that the insolvent had concealed his property. In the absence of proof, his lordship granted insolvent an extension of his interim order.

RE CUTCHRA PURSHOTUM.

The insolvent applied in person for an interim order, which was opposed by a creditor. The application was refused.

DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held at Bandora to-morrow evening at half-past eight in Bandora House. All are cordially invited to attend.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 9.

Gibbs, Captain, Bengal, 31st Punjab Infy, on furlough (m c), from Rawal Pindi.

FEBRUARY 10.

Merriman, Lieut, Bo, Marine Battn, off leave, from England.

FEBRUARY 12.

Quin, Lieut-Col, Ms, attd 7th M I, on duty, from Belgaum.
Norris, Lieut, Bengal, R A, en route to England, from Rawal Pindi.
Sheppard, Lieut-Col, Ms, Judge-Advt-Genl, on duty, from Poona

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 10.

Wilmot, Captain, B's, RA, on duty, to Umballa.
Prasons, 2nd Lieut, B's, R A, on leave, to Khandalla.

FEBRUARY 13.

Quin, Lieut-Col, Ms, attd 7th M I, on duty, to Mangalore.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding Bo. Vol. R. Corps.

Bombay, 13th February, 1890.

1 The Battalion will parade on Saturday, the 15th inst, at 4-45 p. m., at the Town Hall. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to company N. C. Officers detailed for that purpose. Ten rounds blank ammunition per man will be issued on parade.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars on Saturday, the 15th instant, as follows:—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

St. Mary's College—Two double cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

2 The Squadron will parade at the Kennedy Sea Face, near the Remount Stables, on Saturday, the 15th instant, at 7 a.m. Swords, bandoliers, and carbines to be worn.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

HIGH COURT—FEBRUARY 13.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

649—R. and Byrne.—Rahimbhai Habibbhai vs. C. A Turner.—Payne, G. and S. Part heard.

633—Janardhan G.—Parmanandas Vithul and another vs. Anandji Purshotum and another.—M H Khan and in person.

650—Payne, G. and S.—Vullibhoy Khanbhoy vs. Noorbhoy Ghellabhoy.—Conroy and B.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

For consent decree.

123-89—Chitnis M and M—WaljeeAssur vs Abdool Haji Dawood—Thakordas, D and D.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

177-82—Macfarlane, E. and H.—Peeroo Mahomed vs Oomer Jamal and others—Ardasir, H. and D Jefferson, B D & K.

178-82—Arasir, H & D—Oomer Jamal vs. Peeroo Mahomed—Macfarlane, E and H.

435-82—In person a pauper—Bynaboi vs. Pandurang Rowjee Sirvey and others.—Janardhen.

439-89—Pestonjee and R—Cursetjee Nowrojee Wadia vs. Jacob Elias Sassoon and others—Payne, G and S.

533-89—Janardhan G—Nana Bhau vs. Currimbhoy Allibhoy—Thakoredas, D and C.

471-89—In person—Jaitha Bhima and others vs Jamnadas Vussonjee Purshotum—Hore, C and B.

599-89—Hore, C and B, Lilladhur Shamjee vs Dwarkadass Shamjee and others—Pestonjee and R, and Jefferson B D and K and Tyabji and D.

344-72—Bomonjee and H—Joosub Rahimtoolla and others vs Rahimbhoy Habibhai and others—Manekuklal, D and J.

706-71—Mansuklal D and J—Rahimbhoy Hubibbhoy and another vs Joosub Rahimtulla and another—Bomonjee and H.

551-88—Jefferson B D and K—Dwarkadas Shamjee vs Lilladhur Shamjee—Hore, C and B.

301-89—Chalk, W and S—Shantaram Purshotum and another Purshotum Narayen and others—Hore, C and B.

476-88.—Hore, C and R—Goverdhun Waljee and Vithaldas Ramdas and others—Tyabjee and D.

144-89.—Hore, C and B,—Kastoor Nauchand vs. Bhag chand Vithul and others.

366-89.—M H Khan for pauper—Luxmon Bhairojee vs Gangabai and another—Balkrishna and D.

491-89.—Roughton and B—Hursamull Madhowrao and anr vs. Trickum Nathoo—Nanu and H.

557-89.—In person, pauper—Sudanannd Dajeeba Fatak vs. Luxumibai alias Venoobbai—H Bicknell.

507-39.—In person—Moulvi Nazamoodin bin Khaliba vs. Abdool Guffoor and others.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY 11th February, 1890.
*Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 5.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

"R. A." SCOTCH WHISKEY. A fresh shipment of this VERY OLD Whiskey has just been received from Glasgow and Southampton, by their Bombay Agents—PHIPSON & Co.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had of moderate charges. Apply to Barjorjee Pestonjee, Dispensed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—KHANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

HOUSE FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, WANTED by a British Officer by middle of March. Address "H. M. E. S.," care of this office.

HOUSE UNFURNISHED WANTED in or near Fort by April 1.—Address A. B. care of this Office.

TO BE LET.—A comfortable large BUNGALOW at Nesbit Road, Masagoa. Apply to C. R. SETHNA, Masagoa Post Office.

TO BE LET, at Panchgani, Four Firs, a furnished and well situated House. Apply to Rev. E. S. BURGESS, Panchgani.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION. —Meeting of the Corporation already advertised will be held here on THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m.

RIPON-MAHABLESHWAR.—Dr. F. M. Baker (Medical Staff) says:—I have found the Hotel very comfortable, the table was well served and the cooking good; management most attentive and obliging.

BRAND'S ESSENCE of BEEF Re. 1-2 per tin, 1's 13 12 per doz.; Essence of Mutton Re. 1-6 per tin; Rs. 15-8 per doz.; Essence of Chicken Re. 1-10, and Rs. 18-8 per doz. WRIGHT and Co., Mint Road, Fort.

JUST RECEIVED.—Our new stock of Nevada Silver Breakfast and Dinner Cruets, Butter Dishes—Tea sets, Salvers, &c. Also Cutlery from Mappin and Rogers Prices cheap.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED for up-country—a Clerk thoroughly acquainted with BOOK-KEEPING. Apply with Copies of certificates to R. care of Bombay Gazette.

REQUIRED—An EXPERIENCED PUBLIC WORKS SUPERVISOR. Salary Rs. 50 to 75 according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials to STATE KARBHARI, Janjira.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER a European, Catholic and University Graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and free furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Revd JAMES DOUGLAS, Principal St. George's College, Manor House, Mussoorie, N.-W.P.

WANTED.—An EXPERIENCED NURSE to take charge of 2 children and an infant. Ayah kept. Apply stating terms to "C.," care of this Office.

WANTED.—UP-COUNTRY AGENTS to do business in Seeds, Wheat &c. Previous experience indispensably necessary. Apply "X. Y. Z." care of this Paper.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN having just arrived from Europe, and having thorough practical and theoretical knowledge of Russian, French, Italian and German languages is offering his services as a teacher.—Address 35 Meadow Street, Fort, 3rd floor Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

STEAM-LAUNCH.—"VICTORIA." This Fine New Launch is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS to Elephanta and other places of pleasure resort in the Bombay Harbour. For Terms apply to THOMAS COOK & SON, 13, Rampart Row.

TO BE LET IMMEDIATELY.—A HOUSE in Meadow Street, consisting of 2 floors at Rs. 75 per month, most suitable for office or residence, lately occupied by Messrs. Sydney Carleton and Co. Apply D. MACROPOLO, Bombay.

MATHERAN, RUGBY HOTEL.—Nearest to Gymkhana. Church and several points. ROOMS bright and airy. TERMS more favourable than other places.

ENGLISH HOTEL, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, most conveniently situated in the centre. Rooms Airy, well ventilated and commodious. Terms moderate.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Water Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good References. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Deesa, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ba lwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BALLWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Re. 1 each.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARSE'S, Church Gate Street.

FOR SALE.—English DOG-CART by Botwood of Ipswich-suitable for B. 3 to 15 hand horse. In good order. Price Rs. 500. Apply to C. F. PINNEY, Government House, Malabar Hill.

FLOUR MILLS, Grain Crushers, Soda-Water Machines, &c., of various capacities for hand, cattle or steam power.—GEYER & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

THE RAMSAY PELHAM BIT—The Newest and Best Polo Bit invented, Nickel Silver on Steel Rs. 7-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ltd.

THE only Firm who undertake repairing and Tuning Patent Aristons and keep repairing materials in stock is STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

PORTABLE or SEMI-FIXED ENGINES 8 to 16 H.P., Horizontal and Vertical Engines 3 to 30 H.P., in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Sole Agent, Ransome, Sims and Jeffries, Marine Street, Bombay.

TO BARRISTERS and LAWYERS.—The address of Gentleman who inspected some GOLD BRACELET WATCHES about six weeks ago, having been accidentally mislaid, Messrs. MARCKS & Co. Ltd., intimate hereby the ARRIVAL of an ENTIRELY NEW STOCK of above articles, this week and which they will be pleased to show him.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or procuring home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 35, Meadows Street, Bombay.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 32 pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.

NOTICE.

WANTED CONTRIBUTIONS of all sorts of LIVE ANIMALS, BIRDS, &c., suitable for a PET STALL, such as—

Puppies, Owls, Panther Cubs, Guinea-pigs, Kittens, Canaries, Antelopes, Cheetah Cubs, Cockatoos, Cats, Calves, Monkeys, Mynas, Monrooses, Hedgehogs, Tiger Cubs, Lambs, Hawks, Dogs, Rabbits, Kangaroos, Lovebirds, Young Lions, Kids, Porcupines, Pigeons, Donkey Foals, Goslings, Baby-Bears, Tortoises, Lemurs, Guinea-fowl, Gold and Silver Fish in bowls, Bullfinches, Bulbuls, Chameleons, Parrots, Hares, Foxes, Doves, Aquarial, Turkeys, Flamingoes, Deer, Gazelles, Jungle-fowl, Squirrels, Peacocks, Otters, Sarus Cranes, and White Mice.

All Contributions to be addressed to

H. M. PHIPSON,
Honorary Secretary,
Lady Reay's Fund,
6, Apollo Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN attending the dance at Government House, Malabar Point, THIS DAY, are requested to drive in by the Lower Gate. The carriages will be parked outside the Upper Gate and on taking up at the platform will drive out by the Lower Gate.

J. HUMFREY, Major,
Acting Commissioner of Police,
Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 13th Feb. 1890.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of 350 HORSES, selected by the well-known importer, C. G. Baldock, consisting of Upstanding Carriage Pairs, from 15 hands to 16 hands 3 in. high, weight carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also a choice selection of Dog-Cart and Brougham Horses. To be inspected, opposite the Tramway Stables, Colaba.

NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.
DENTAL SURGEON.
HAS REMOVED
from Medows Street to
ESPLANADE ROAD.
(next to National Bank of India)
and Malabar Hill Road.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

FOR SALE,
BEST WHITNEY BLANKETS,
GUARANTEED PURE WOOL,
In White or Scarlet, and in various sizes.

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS
AND BILLIARD-TABLE MAKERS.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.,
L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,
SURGEON-ELECTRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON,
Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and West End Hospital for Nervous Diseases, London,
CAN BE CONSULTED FOR
DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT,
From 3 to 5 p.m.
10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

WRIST WATCHES.
Complete with Black or Brown Leather Straps.

Oxydized Steel	from	Rs. 25
Silver	,,	Rs. 35
Oxydized Silver.....	,,	Rs. 40
14ct. Gold	,,	Rs. 55
18ct. Gold	,,	Rs. 59

Solid Gold wristlets in flexible chain, and other designs from Rs. 92 and upwards. They can be adjusted to take any Lady's Watch.

Performance and Durability Guaranteed.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

NOTICE.

SALE of IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES and the Furniture at Clare Road, Byculla advertised to be sold yesterday by order of the receiver in suit No. 659 of 1889 has been POSTPONED until further orders.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 84 of 1889.
Jan Mahamed Khulakdina.....Plaintiff
vs.
Rahimtoola Khulakdina and others...Defendants.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES WITH GINNING FACTORY AND A CHAWL AT ANJAR IN CUTCH.

By order of C. A. Turner, Esq., receiver appointed in the above suit Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m., at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Street, the following immoveable and movable properties, viz :—

All that piece or parcel of land situate in the Village of Anjar, in the dominion of His Highness the Rao of Cutch estimated by guess to contain between 20,000 to 20,500 square yards, and enclosed by a fence and surrounded on all sides by land which is the property of His Highness the Rao of Cutch, together with a building used for the Ginning Factory and a Chawl, now standing or being on the said piece or parcel of land, and all the fixtures, Commons, waters, watercourses, sewers, privileges, easements, advantages, and appurtenances whatsoever to the said premises belonging or reputed as parcel thereof or appurtaining thereto. Together also with all and singular the gins, ginning machines, steam engines, boilers, mill gear, and mill right work, fixed and moveable machinery, on or about the said premises, and hereinafter more particularly described namely.

20 gins
1 engine about 13 to 12 horse power
1 boiler
1 lathe
1 hand power press for pressing dooras and scales and weights, office furniture, trade fixtures, utensils, stores, fuel &c., which may be on the premises.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, Solicitors of the receiver, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF Surplus and Unserviceable Stores, Stoneware Pipes and Junctions, Meters, Iron, Brass, Tents, &c.

Under instructions from E. C. K. Ollivant, Esq., C. S., C.I.E., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction at the Municipal stores, Pulton Road (behind the Crawford Market), on Thursday the 20th February, 1890 at 2 p.m., the following :—A number of stoneware pipes, Bends, Junctions Flap Traps, brass cocks, Spindles coupling ferrules, pickaxes, powrah scrapers, spanners, files, tools tanks, gratings, locks, leather hoses, baskets, rammers, buckets, poles, yokes, ropes, lamps, tins, woods, casks, tubs, scales, lead wrought, and cast iron, fire bars, iron drums, instrument box, staves, stencil plates, tapes, meters, copper Gallons, Gindy, Bar soap, Sewn Movers, clock, stamping presses, Iron safe, anvil, Timber scrap; Tents Chairs, Harness, Mill stones, meters.

Coal Ashes at N. S. Pumping Station, Carnac Bunder;

On FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m.; at the Love Grove Pumping station, Worli, a large quantity of coal ashes.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, February 13, 1890.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 12.

A DROP of ¼d. in the price of Bar Silver in London at 44d. per oz. is advised through all channels; and though a decline of ⅛ per cent. is reported in Rupee Securities in each denomination, the quotations of £69½ and £71, respectively, are called nominal. Consols were unaltered at 97½; and Indian Sterling Loan at 107¼. The Exchange Bank's buying rate on India remained at 1s. 4⅝d., notwithstanding the collapse in Silver. There was a further decline of £1 per ton in Brazier's Copper, making the price £58 per ton. Yellow Metal was unaltered. French Rentes in Paris were unchanged at 87¾; Exchange on London was a shade easier at fcs. 25·31.

The Linseed Market was firm, but beyond the advance of 3d. per quarter in Bombay Seed on the spot, reported last Friday, making the spot and arrival prices the same, at 43s. 3d. per quarter ex-quay, there had been no change in prices since the end of the previous week. Arrival quotations for Rapeseed also come unaltered at 52s. for Yellow Guzerat, and 50s. 6d for Yellow Cawnpore ex-quay. Wheat was firmer, and No. 1 Soft White was ½ per cental dearer in Liverpool, at 6s. 11½d. ex-quay; but other descriptions were unchanged in value.

Cotton closed quiet in Liverpool, all round, last evening, after a small day's business, the total Sales having reached only 5,000 bales, inclusive of 500 Surats. The price of spot Mid.-American, however, returned to 6 1-16d., and Arrivals were higher under the influence of the New York Market, near deliveries being quoted 3-64d. dearer, while in more distant positions the advance was 1-16d., the extreme quotations being 5 63-64d. for the former, and 6¼d. for the latter. Surats were unchanged. The day's Imports were 12,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet but steady, with quotations for Goods and Yarn unaltered.

The news wired from Washington, under date the 10th instant, that the February report of the Agricultural Bureau stated that 90 2-5ths per cent. of the Cotton crop had left the plantations, had been discounted in New York, and though the price of ready Mid.-Uplands remained at 11½ cents yesterday, May Futures were 5 points lower, at 11·25 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports yesterday were 17,000 bales, again going against considerably larger figures for the year before, and making the total from the beginning of the season compare as follows with that of the two preceding years to date :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Tuesday's Receipts ...	17,000	25,000	17,000
Three days' do. ...	52,000	72,000	46,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889...	5,102,000	4,642,000	4,729,000

Following New York rather than Liverpool, our local market for the staple has been firm to-day, at a general advance of one rupee per candy in price There has been an improved demand for ready stuff, and a good enquiry from exporters for arrival contracts in several growths, the transactions reported on both lines summing up over 5,000 bales. In ready Cotton, Bengals have had the principal call, some 1,000 bales of that growth having been taken at Rs. 172-91; Dhulia and Pachora coming next, Rs. 200-1; and the balance being made up of Khangaum, at Rs. 220; Oojain, at Rs. 195-205; Barsee, at Rs. 226-8; and a little old Dharwar, at Rs. 208. Forward contracts have transpired in Fine Broach for March delivery, at Rs. 249-50; in Fully Good Bhownuggur, for April, at Rs. 223; and in Good Dharwar, for April-May delivery, at Rs. 225 per candy, the last named having been the biggest line.

WHEAT has been much more enquired for to-day, a lower Exchange and some weakness in Freights tending to encourage business, and transactions have been upon a much larger scale; but prices are quite unchanged.

SEEDS have been more active for the same reasons, previous rates, however, being quoted for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	7,828 bales.
Wheat	4,128 owts.
Linseed	2,552 ,,
Rapeseed	1,286 ,,
Gingelly	2,496 ,,
Ground Nuts	8,675 ,,
Castor Seed	928 ,,

FREIGHTS are weaker, with very little demand from *bona fide* shippers. The "Liscard" (s) has been taken up by speculators for March loading at 23s. 6d. for two ports, Mediterranean or Adriatic.

EXCHANGE has again been quiet, with considerably lower rates ruling both ready and forward A fair amount of Merchants' Bills have come out at 1s. 5d. for March, 1s. 4⅝d. for April, and 1s. 4¾d. for May delivery, for three months' sight Credits; but quotations for ready remittance are quite nominal.

Bank Bills on demand ...	1s. 4 15-16 1.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic.....	1s. 4⅝d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight....	1s. 5 1-32d.	,,
Credits do. ...	1s. 5 7-32d.	,,
France do. ...	1·81½	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been firmer to-day with an upward tendency, and Four per cents. have advanced a little, say to 98 3-16 for cash, and 98½ for the next settlement, the 30th March account having been quoted at 98 15-16, with buyers for Account in each position. Par is still the nominal rate for 4½ per cents.

SHARES continue out of request and with little movement on any line, our quotations generally showing no change to speak of Empress Cotton Mill shares are Rs. 5 lower, at Rs. 550, Mofussil Press are Rs. 2½ down, at Rs. 425; and Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower, at Rs. 937½, but these are the only alterations in our list this evening.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

COLOMBO, FEB. 12.

H. M. S. Orion sailed for Malta, and H. M. S. Merlin for Plymouth.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 11.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera.....	4 11-16d.
The Manchester Market is easier.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3½d.
8¼ ,, ...	6-6d.
40s Mule Twist	9¾d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4⅛d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account ...	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87¾
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69½
4½ per cent. ,, ...	71
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	44d. per oz.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 12th Feb. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	12	7	51	...	41
Suez	12	7	36	...	53

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 12th Feb. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	43	...	4
,, Kurrachee ...	...	13	...	1
,, Madras... ...	...	23	...	1

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 12.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Mails for Persian Gulf, except Gwadar, Jask and Muscat, close at 2-30 to-morrow

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE, IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

STREETER—AINSLIE—At Christ Church, Byculla, by the Rev. W. E. Scott, H. Streeter, of Brighton, England, to Edith Ainslie, of Birkenhead, Cheshire.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HORE—January 29, at Katiyar, Purneah, the wife of J E P Hore, Audit Department, E I Railway, Delhi, of a daughter.
SHRAGER—February 6, at 10 Musgerford Street, the wife of Mr J Shrager, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

AMESBURY—ROBINSON—February 6, at the Cathedral Calcutta, by the Rev Arthur Luckman, Frederick Chotmondeley Dering Amesbury, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Amritsar, to Henrietta Ferris, second daughter of S H Robinson, Esq, formerly of Calcutta, and now of St Leonards-on-Sea.
BAYNE—HODGKINSON—January 29, at Christ Church, Cantonments, Rangoon, by the Rev James Low, M A, Cantonment Chaplain, Charles Gervica Bayne, Bengal Civil Service, son of Peter Bayne, Esq, LL D, Stonor Garden, West Kensington, to Alice Augusta Hodgkinson, youngest daughter of the late Rev George Christopher Hodgkinson, Rector of Screveton, Notts.
CHECCACCI—MORFIADIS—February 2, at Calcutta, at the Catholic Cathedral, by the Rev Cavalieri, and at the Greek Church, by the Rev N Panas, Felice, eldest son of Viaconzo Checcacci, of Leghorn, to Coralia, second daughter of the late Demosthenes Morfiadis, of Constantinople.
KING—NASH—February 3, at Christ Church, Kurseong, by the Rev R S Wood, Frederick Arthur King, Manager of Goomtee Tea Estate, to Mary Catherine, second daughter of the late William Lambert Nash.
MORRIS—OLD—January 25, at St George's Church, Agra, by the Rev L F Phillips, Richard Morris, Commissariat Department, to Alice Maud Mary Old, eldest daughter of J S Old, late Barrackmaster, Agra.

DEATH.

CARNEGY—February 11, at Rawul Pindi, Alexander Edward, eldest son of Lieut. General A. Carnegy, C.B., late Commanding Northern Division, Bombay Army, aged 34 years.—R. I. P.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1890.

THE Queen's Speech, contrary to the use and wont of such utterances, sets forth a very full and engrossing programme for the ensuing Session. The stereotyped assurance that the relations of Great Britain with "all" Foreign Powers are friendly, sounds a little odd when coupled in the same paragraph is a reference to the dispute with Portugal. The behaviour of that Power, it is stated, was inconsistent with the respect due to the British flag, but the dispute has been settled. This is satisfactory if it be quite accurate; the public hitherto have been under the impression that Portugal has under protest ordered her troops to withdraw from the Shiré and Nyassa territory, pending an appeal to the Article of the Convention which provides that questions at issue relating to such territory shall be referred to arbitration. Mr. Goschen, in a recent speech, stated that the Portuguese had been informed that if they did not withdraw the soldiers of the bellicose Major, the British Legation would withdraw from Lisbon, but he added that the assertions that any step other than the cessation of diplomatic intercourse was imminent without "adequate foundation." The dispute can scarcely be described as settled until the Portuguese claim to the territory is waived. In respect to Nyassaland, which has quite unexpectedly assumed extraordinary value in the eyes of Great Britain and Portugal alike, it is worth remembering that so pestilential and so deadly is the climate that even natives from other parts of tropical Africa die off like flies from the fever bred in the swamps. Of some twenty-two missionaries who have essayed to make a home in the region during the last few years, ten have died, and of the rest several have been invalided. This has not prevented four different missionary societies from persevering with their attempt to keep open the door which Livingstone besought his countrymen not to allow anyone to shut. The cost in money of the missions has reached some £55,000, and in life and health it has not been inconsiderable. The chief achievement so far has been the promotion of the Shiré country and Nyassaland to the dignity of a suitable topic with which to lead off the Queen's Speech. The paroxysm of anger into which the Portuguese who for generations were too wise to venture into the territory which they had once occupied, and abandoned when it was found to be far more deadly than Sierra Leone, does not count for much in comparison with the glory of being to the front when Parliament reassembles. The Anti-Slavery Conference at Brussels, and the difficulty of reconciling the conflicting claims of Swazis, Boers, and colonists to Swazi soil, also keep Africa in evidence, and in this connection the conclusion of the Anglo-Egyptian commercial convention is to be noted. There is no room left for India where Africa occupies so much space. Ireland follows close upon Swaziland, with which it compares favourably there being less crime, and the area under the Crimes Act being now more restricted—a singular declaration, seeing that quite recently the telegraph has announced that twelve counties have been placed under its provisions. An extension of the Ashbourne Act for enabling the tenants to buy out the landlords with advances of public money is announced. A system of local self-government for that country, analogous to that established in England and Scotland, is also mentioned. The pledges made at the General Election have rendered some attempt to redeem them expedient. The danger of opening the floodgates is obvious, and there has been much doubt and hesitation amongst the Liberal Unionist supporters of the Ministry. In Mr. Gladstone's recent speech at Chester he rallied Lord Hartington and his followers for being much more Tory than the Tories in their alarm at the approaching necessity of dealing with the question of local self-government in Ireland. The Conservatives, he averred, never burned their boats in such matters; they took account of the inevitable. This forecast seems to have been justified by the reference to the thorny subject in the Royal Speech. With Irish Land Purchase and a Local Government Bill, to say nothing of the Report of the Parnell Commission, Irish topics will occupy the attention of Parliament a good deal during the present year. The ill-fated Tithes Bill will be re-introduced. Measures which in times not yet remote would have been denounced as distinctly socialistic are to be introduced, to make employers liable for accidents to their workpeople, to amend the Sanitary Laws, and improve the dwellings of the labouring classes in London. Why legislation respecting the dwellings of the working classes should be restricted to London it is not easy to say. The principle *in corpore vili* scarcely applies, and the difficulties in the way are far greater than in towns of more reasonable dimensions. The population of London which has to be provided for by sanitary engineers in the immediate future is set down by Mr. Shone at 7,000,000,—an appalling prospect from every point of view. The Army will read with interest and curiosity the reference to defects of the present camp and barrack accommodation, and the promise of amendment. An allusion to the schemes of federation which are in the Australian air will, it may be hoped, give equal satisfaction in Melbourne.

THERE is so much that claims sympathy in any suggestion for the cheapening of public communications that it is not a pleasant thing to point out difficulties in the way of Mr. David Gostling's plea for the reduction of passenger fares for long-distance journeys. We do not allege it as by any means a fatal objection to his proposals that they are put forward somewhat tentatively and without searching inquiry into the facts and figures of the case. He has doubtless had in view no larger immediate purpose than the awakening of the attention of the public and of the railway companies to the subject. Anything beyond this must be done by experts, for we should accept with much misgiving an uncorroborated demonstration by a layman of the possibility or profitableness of running at substantially reduced fares railways that pay a moderate interest on their capital. At the same time we are glad to recognize that Mr. Gostling's suggestions claim careful enquiry, and if there is to be at Simla this year a repetition of the Railway Conference that was held there in 1888 no subject would be discussed with greater advantage. The discussion, we suspect, would not in regard to matters of fact run on precisely the same lines as those which the writer of the recent article in the *Calcutta Review* has followed. For instance, a railway conference would not unanimously endorse the view that the first and second class traffic in India does not pay. Of some lines we believe it is true, but two at least of the local railways appear from the published statistics to make a profit upon this branch of its traffic. The average profit upon the working of a first-class vehicle on one of these railways is 3·60 pies per mile, and on a second-class carriage a little over eleven pies. Whether the margin that this gives would allow of profitable traffic at reduced rates is a debateable question. But it seems narrow, and first and second class coaches, relatively to the number of passengers for whom room can be found in them, are heavy. The question, however, cannot be determined without some data in regard to the proportion of passengers actually carried to the carrying capacity of the coaches that are in running. Without information on that point it will be exceedingly difficult to arrive at a conclusion on the subject. So far as Mr. Gostling's argument is based upon the presumption—derived from a debate in the Bombay Corporation—that the average length of a third-class passenger's journey in India is fifty miles, it is necessary to bear in mind that this average can be predicated of the third-class passengers alone. On one of the great lines of Western India the latest average was 43·38 miles; on another it was nearly fifty-four miles. But on these lines the intermediate class made average journeys of 105·75 and 72·3 miles respectively, while the second-class averages were 97·3 and 161·5 miles, and the first class 146·7 and 137·2. The bearing of these variations upon Mr. Gostling's proposal is obvious. He has suggested that for fifty miles—apparently because it is the average mileage of an Indian railway journey—the fares should remain the same as they are now, but that after that distance, fares should be reduced by equal amounts every ten miles up to five hundred miles, so that a traveller who takes a third-class ticket on any line for a distance of 550 miles or more would pay only one pie per mile, instead of three pies as at present. Now the theory underlying this proposal is that the fares are so far prohibitive that they restrict long distance travelling amongst the masses, and keep down the length of third-class journeys to the average named. But we have shown that the average is much higher in second-class journeys, and nearly three times as high in the first class, so that if the last mile of the average is to be taken as the starting-point for the diminishing scale of fares, the fiftieth mile will have to be abandoned, and a point nearer a hundred miles, and a hundred and fifty miles respectively, will have to be chosen. To restrict the normal fares to the first fifty miles in all classes would be illogical, and not consistent with the principle on which the suggestion is based. Even then the expediency of the change proposed would need to be demonstrated on statistical bases which Mr. Gostling has not yet provided. We should all like to travel first class to Delhi for two and a quarter pies per mile—that is to say to travel first class at something under third-class fares. Certainly a reduction of fares to that rate would result in a large and immediate increase of traffic. But passengers of the two superior classes take up a good deal of room; coaches cost something to build, and the six passengers in a first-class carriage require almost as much engine-power to move them as forty passengers closely packed in a third-class carriage. Are we then to assume that it will pay the railway company as well to carry six first-class passengers to Delhi at two and a quarter pies per mile as it now does to carry forty third-class passengers there at two and a half pies? We should all like to think so, but the probabilities are against this comforting belief. The truth is that there is one hypothesis on which Mr. Gostling's contention would be made an easily sustainable one—the hypothesis that all classes of carriages run half-empty on the long-distance journeys. But that is a part of the case to which he has not addressed himself, and it may be that we shall have to wait for some Railway Conference at Simla or elsewhere in the more or less distant future, for information on the point. We believe, nevertheless, that the long-distance trains in this part of India are by no means the convoy of half-empty carriages that the argument supposes, and that as a rule they are fairly well filled. A large addition to the number of passengers would therefore mean an increased outlay in rolling stock and in coal, and on many trains two engines would be required where one suffices now. Moreover, passenger traffic in India is more fluctuating than it is in Europe. For the greater part of the year a long railway journey is an ordeal that most people avoid, and it would be only in the more pleasant part of the year that first and second class passengers would sufficiently increase in numbers to make up for the large reduction in fares. For the rest of the year the companies would probably be carrying as many passengers as now, and a large part of the traffic would bring them in a quarter of the existing receipts. Still we do not pretend that these objections to Mr. Gostling's proposals, any more than his own arguments in support of the project, are conclusive. The subject is one upon which such enlightenment as a competent railway statistician could give would be of value. There is for instance an easily ascertained minimum charge for passengers in each class, below which every passenger carried would be a source of loss, not to be turned into profit on the costermonger's principle that "it is the number that does it." It is a matter of calculation whether under any circumstances first-class passengers could be carried for a quarter of an anna per mile with profit to anyone but themselves. It is equally a matter of expert calculation how far an increase in the numbers carried in the respective classes would entail an augmentation of rolling stock and motive power, and what additional charge per head arising therefrom would have to be distributed over the number carried. But with the material placed before the public by Mr. Gostling, it is difficult to carry the argument further. He has taken up the subject with much earnestness, but he is too shrewd a publicist not to see that a good deal of additional data is necessary before the public will be able to judge of the feasibility of his scheme. For all that he has done good service in raising the question, and if he cares to carry his enquiries further he may be sure of an attentive audience.

ONE of the novel features of the Fete in the Victoria Gardens on the occasion of the reception of Prince Albert Victor, will be coloured fountains, similar to those which attracted such general attention at South Kensington at the Indian and Colonial Exhibition in 1886, and at the Paris Exhibition last year. The illuminated fountains in the Champ de Mars excelled in beauty and variety even those of London. The same English firm organised both displays, and the experience acquired in London was turned to account for the advantage of that in Paris. There is every hope that the fountains illuminated by electricity and regulated and controlled so as to give the fullest beauty to the ever-changing hues of foam and spray will of themselves make the Victoria Gardens Fete memorable. A meeting of the Horse Show Committee was held last evening, and the very satisfactory report of the progress made, and the generous promises of support received, justify the immediate issue of a prospectus. The Flower Show Committee, which has worked very hard, is equally sanguine that a successful and highly interesting display can be made. There is a good opportunity for lovers of flower culture to encourage it by offering prizes for exhibits of exceptional merit. We indicated yesterday the intention of Government to harmonise the illumination of the departmental buildings with that of the Municipal monuments. Subscriptions may be looked for to fill up the links in the official and Municipal display. It is to be hoped that some of the leading thoroughfares of the Native Town will repeat for the occasion the striking and picturesque, but very simple and comparatively inexpensive illuminations, which are of yearly occurrence in the Dewalee holidays.

WE are asked to remind our readers that the meeting to arrange for the reception of his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor, is to be held this evening in the Durbar Room at the Town Hall, at 5-15.

THE Concert given in the Town Hall last night in aid of the Scottish Orphanage was a thorough success. The hall was crowded with an appreciative audience, who evidently enjoyed the programme from commencement to finish. Each item was excellently performed—vocally as well as instrumentally—and the concluding piece, "Auld Lang Syne" (in which the audience heartily joined) brought to a close one of the finest concerts we have listened to in the Town Hall. A detailed account will appear in to-morrow's issue.

MR. DOWSON, Superintendent in charge, Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, has been appointed electrician at Calcutta, vice Mr. Melhuish, proceeding on furlough. Mr. Robinson, nephew of the late General Robinson, Director General of Telegraphs, succeeds Mr. Dowson.

THE Shah of Persia is

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

THE DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

LONDON, FEB. 12.

In the House of Lords last evening, in the debate on the motion to adopt the Address in reply to the Queen's Speech, Lord Granville regretted what he termed the hasty and harsh policy which had been adopted with regard to Portugal.

Lord Salisbury in reply maintained that strong measures were necessary in the interest both of Portugal and of humanity.

The Address was agreed to.

LIVELY DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

In the House of Commons Sir Vernon Harcourt moved as an amendment to the Address a resolution to the effect that the *Times* had been guilty of a breach of privilege with reference to the Pigott letters, and urged that its editor should be summoned to the Bar of the House.

Sir John Gorst ridiculed the idea, and said that with equal force any hon. member might claim to bring before the Bar of the House the whole of Mr. Balfour's Irish slanderers.

Mr. Gladstone expressed himself astounded that Sir John Gorst should have been selected to defend the Government. Mr. Parnell, the right hon. gentleman declared, had been deeply injured and was entitled to reparation.

Mr. Balfour endorsed the observations of Sir John Gorst, and enlarged on the arguments he had adduced.

An excited debate followed.

In the division Sir Vernon Harcourt's motion was rejected by a majority of forty-eight votes.

MR. BRADLAUGH'S BILL.

LONDON, FEB. 11.

Mr. Bradlaugh has given notice of his intention to introduce his Bill to amend the Indian Legislative Councils.

THE PIGOTT LETTERS.

Sir Vernon Harcourt in the House of Commons this afternoon raised the question of the privilege of debate with regard to the Pigott letters.

THE CAPE MILITARY SECRETARYSHIP.

Major Sir William Gordon-Cumming, Scots Guards, has been appointed Military Secretary to Sir Henry Loch, Governor at the Cape.

ANGLOPHOBIA IN PORTUGAL.

LISBON, FEB. 12.

Despite the fact that the Anglophobia meetings called for yesterday were prohibited, crowds loitered about the streets during the day, making disorderly manifestations.

Many arrests were made.

Several violent newspapers have been seized and suppressed.

BLACKMAILING EXTRAORDINARY.

A MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT SHOT.

LONDON, FEB. 12.

A woman named Elizabeth Vincent has been remanded to-day at Richmond, on a charge of attempting to murder Mr. L. H. Isaacs, Conservative Member for the Walworth Division of Newington.

It was stated that in October last he seduced Vincent, who gave her age as fifteen, and since then had allowed her four hundred pounds a year.

Prisoner, however, inveigled Mr. Isaacs into a house and ordered him to sign cheques, which he refused. She thereupon fired at him; the ball entering his arm and not being removed caused paralysis of the fingers.

THE ANGLO-PORTUGUESE DIFFICULTY UNSOLVED.

Lord Salisbury, in his latest despatch to Portugal, which is just published, refuses and ridicules the Portuguese claim to arbitration after that country having infringed the Act of Berlin, dishonoured our flag, and killed the allies of England.

The Commons, both Conservative and Gladstonian, generally approve Lord Salisbury's action.

EXPECTED TROUBLE IN TURKEY.

As intimated in the Queen's Speech trouble with Turkey is feared.

THE DUC D'ORLEANS.

PARIS, FEB. 12.

The Duc d'Orleans has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

The mob cheered when the sentence was made known.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, FEB. 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Assam, with the English mails of the 31st January, left for Bombay at 8 p.m. to-day.

The same Co.'s s. s. Arcadia, with China and Australian mails, also left for Colombo at 8 p.m to-day.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

VICTORY OF THE UNIONISTS.

LONDON, FEB. 11.

Mr. Parker Smith, Unionist candidate, was elected for Lanarkshire (Partick Division), in the place of the late Mr. Craig Sellar, defeating Sir Charles Tennant, a Gladstonian Liberal, by a majority of two hundred and nineteen votes.

PORTUGUESE DEFENCE PROGRAMME.

LISBON, FEB. 11.

Decrees have been published here, ordering the completion of the defences of Lisbon and arming of the forts with new guns, laying of torpedoes in the Tagus, and the re-organization of the army; and also it is intended to buy light war-ships, and issue bonds necessary to cover the cost.

THE AMIR'S VISIT TO HERAT.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 12.

The British agent from the Amir's camp confirms the report of Abdur Rahman's intended visit to Herat. Preparations are now being made for the march.

THE *Financial Reformer* contains the following:—"On page 193 of our December issue a passage reads—'I would ask Lord Salisbury, Mr. W. H. Smith, and Balfour, the Irish Secretary, who are always telling lies, that by our agitations &c.' This should read are always telling us."

NOTES FROM LONDON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, JAN. 24.

To some persons one of the most interesting signs of the times is the willingness now shown by most districts to avail themselves of the advantages of the Free Libraries Act. Still there is a good deal of opposition in some quarters to using the public rates for this purpose, and it is not always easy to disarm opposition. Lord George Hamilton has just given the advocates of free libraries a hint as to the line of argument to adopt in places where their opponents are the well-to-do. The First Lord of the Admiralty took part the other evening at a free library meeting in his constituency, and I am informed by one who was present that this is the effect of what he said: "Some of my political friends may not approve of my coming here to support a movement that they think will enable workingmen to acquire more socialistic ideas. Well in answer to those who object to my action I would mention my experience at Birmingham. When in that town, which includes so many Socialists among its inhabitants, I visited the free library there and inquired into the working of that institution. It was suggested that I should try to guess the book that was most asked for by the working classes who visit the library. A list of one hundred works was given to me, the subject being of all kinds from theology down to fiction. I made several guesses, but in each case was wrong. What do you think is the book that has the largest number of readers in Birmingham? You will be surprised to hear that it was Burke's Peerage!" His lordship was shown the well-known publication—the Englishman's Bible as it has been styled—and found on every page evidence of the use made of it by the horny-handed sons of toil. The account of this incident made a great impression on the genteel portion of Lord George's audience, and they all went away determined to vote for the establishment of a library. I am sorry to spoil so admirable a story, but I am afraid that the dirty finger marks were not made by humble admirers of an ancient (and modern) nobility, but by the representatives of a large class of artizans in the midland capital who consult "Burke's Peerage" not to study pedigrees but coats-of arms; and these they copy or imitate for business purposes.

The first number of the *Asiatic Quarterly Review* since the change of publishers from Mr. Fisher Unwin to Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner and Co., has just made its appearance. Mr. Demetrius Boulger retains the editorship, and the appearance of the magazine has not been materially altered. The contents are not specially striking, but everyone will read with interest the characteristic little article penned by Sir Lepel Griffin in reply to the criticisms passed by native writers on his celebrated lecture before the Royal Colonial Institute on the Native Princes of India. I say criticisms, but I ought rather to use the singular, for the ex-Agent-General leaves aside as "undeserving of reply the abusive and illogical criticisms of the Native press of Bengal, which at no time is worthy of serious attention," and mainly confines himself to the article contributed by Nawab Mehdi Ali to the October issue of the *Nineteenth Century*. Incidentally Sir Lepel falls foul of the Marquis of Dufferin and Ava for the "optimistic" views he recently enunciated in the City of London. "A Viceroy, although he has during his short time of office exceptional opportunities of becoming acquainted with the general outline of Indian politics, is incapacitated from the greatness and isolation of his position, from the ceremony which surrounds him, and from the mass of multifarious work which falls to his share in every department, from obtaining any intimate knowledge of the details of such a subject as the practical administration of Native States." No doubt when Lord Dufferin has occasion to make another speech about India, he will remember this, and contrive to approach the subject with becoming humility. It is to be hoped, too, that when Parliament meets, Lord Salisbury and his Ministerial colleagues will be prevented from delivering harangues on subjects respecting which they have no intimate personal knowledge. This would be one way, at all events, of shortening speeches. *Apropos* of Sir Lepel Griffin's article it is officially notified that the Council of the East India Association early last month unanimously adopted the following resolution:—"That this meeting considers that the maintenance of the rights, status, and privileges of the Native Princes of India, is essential to the prestige of the British Government, and to the public interests and welfare of the inhabitants of India generally, for whose benefit the East India Association has been instituted."

MILITARY NOTES.

(SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.)

THE troops in Poona and Kirkee were practised in Field Firing on the plain beyond Yerrowda Jail yesterday morning, the 12th instant. The troops moved out on the 11th instant, and rendezvoused near Yerrowda, each having 20 rounds per man of balled ammunition and the guns 5 rounds, the whole under the command of Colonel Rawlins, Royal Artillery. Major Goldie was appointed Chief Umpire; Major Tidy, Garrison Instructor, Umpire to the Poona Force; Captain Gott, 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, and Lieutenant De Lisle, 3rd Bombay Infantry, Umpires of the Service Field Force. The centre field hospital was formed to the south of the village of Wanourie. A signal station was established on Temple Hill, under the charge of Lieutenant Tidswell, of the Lancashire Fusiliers, and all messages from divisional head-quarters were sent through this station. Lieutenant Ford, Durham Light Infantry, was appointed Signaller to the Poona Force. Officers commanding regiments and batteries have been directed to submit reports on the field firing, divided into the following heads:—

(*a*) detail of the method of attack, frontal and flank casualties.
(*b*) steadiness of fire, fire discipline, &c.
(*c*) control of fire, and the manner in which the words of command were given by section commanders.
(*d*) proficiency in range-finding.
(*e*) any unusual circumstances observed during the progress of the operations.
(*f*) Supply of ammunition. The musketry will be suspended, and Commanding Officers will be held responsible that every available man fit for duty is in the ranks. It is to be regretted that the Volunteers have not been asked to take part in the field-firing, as a practice of this kind is worth a hundred ordinary parades.

One non-commissioned officer and 13 sowars of the 3rd Light Cavalry will be brought before a Special Board on the 14th instant, under the presidentship of Major Mackay, 26th Bombay Infantry, for examination as to their fitness for further service.

Arrangements have been made at Ahmednugger, Kirkee, and Poona, to have railway wagons placed at the disposal of the military authorities, on receipt of twenty-four hours' notice, for the practice of small parties of troops with kits, camp equipage, &c., in entering and leaving trains.

Major and Paymaster R. Robinson, 2nd Lancashire Fusiliers, has been granted leave to the 12th March.

The detachment of the 2nd Durham Light Infantry at Khandalla, under the command of Major Ryton, will be relieved in sufficient time to rejoin head-quarters at Poona before the march of the Battalion *en route* for Quetta.

The 1st Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment, is timed to reach Poona by three special trains on the morning of the 15th March.

Surgeon R. C. Thacker, Medical Staff, has been ordered by the Deputy Surgeon-General, Poona District, to examine the water at the halting grounds on the Ahmednugger road.

A party of the Poona Horse is under instruction in Army signalling, by a qualified instructor of the Durham Light Infantry who will be left behind, to complete the course on his regiment moving *en route* to Quetta.

Seven selected men of the Bombay Army have completed a course of instruction in telegraphy at Poona, and rejoined their corps.

GREAT FIRE IN THE NATIVE TOWN.

LOSS OF LIFE AND DESTRUCTION OF TEN LAKHS OF PROPERTY.

YESTERDAY evening about a quarter-past 5 o'clock a fire broke out in a six-storied building situated on the Nagdevy Road, belonging to Cureembhoy Allybhoy Baroda-wallah. The fire originated on the first flour of the house in a room occupied by Borahs, and in a very short space of time the flames spread throughout the whole building. On an alarm being raised, telephonic communication was at once established with the various fire-brigade stations, and several of the engines were at work upon the spot by 5-30 p. m. At this time the building in which the fire had originated was completely gutted, and the flames had spread to six of the adjoining buildings in the block. There was at first a great difficulty in obtaining a free supply of water, and there being a strong northerly breeze prevailing at the time, the two houses situated upon the opposite side of a narrow lane, owned by Megjee Luddah and one Mooltanee, were quickly in flames. In an incredibly short time the fire also spread across the Nagdevy Road and attacked the premises occupied by merchants from Rana Durriah, consisting of no less than eight buildings. A part of the Borah Musjid, which lies at the back of these buildings, also caught fire. The locality being thickly populated, a great panic seized the inhabitants of the surrounding houses. Filled with terror, hundreds of families hastily removed the furniture and household goods from their dwellings, and the neighbouring streets were blocked by crowds of these persons, the exodus being general, for a long distance around the burning buildings and extending to the Crawford Markets. Several European police-officers came promptly upon the spot, foremost amongst them being Superintendent Brewin, who did good service, assisted by a large number of European police officers. Both they and the members of the Fire Brigade had, however, hard work to get the fire under control. The flames burned furiously amongst the old wooden houses, and great danger presented itself, as portions of masonry were continually falling with a heavy crash. Serious apprehensions were expressed regarding the fate of some Borah women and children, who were seen by some of the neighbours on the upper stories of the building that first caught fire; but the conflagration spread about with such amazing rapidity, and so great was the hold it had acquired upon the burning, structures that, amid the alarm and confusion that prevailed on all sides, the police were not able to ascertain with any precision whether any, and what loss of life had really taken place. The flames shot up to an immense height, the sky being brightly illuminated, and dense clouds of smoke were seen to roll across the harbour in the direction of Oorun. An hour after the first outbreak, the flames spread with such alarming rapidity that the whole street was threatened, but after great difficulty, the fire was got under control about 8 o'clock, when things began to look safer for the neighbourhood. The origin of the fire is not yet known, but there is a rumour that it was caused by the carelessness of a servant in the manipulation of some kerosine oil. The extent of the damage cannot as yet be accurately ascertained, but it is roughly estimated at ten lakhs of rupees, only a small percentage of which is covered by insurance.

RECEPTION OF H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR.

THE committee appointed to assist the Municipality in organizing a Horse and Cattle Show on the occasion of the Fete, to be held in honour of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor's visit to Bombay next month, met yesterday at the Natural History Society's Rooms in the Fort.

Major J. Humfrey, the Acting Commissioner of Police, presided.

Mr. J. H. Steel, A. V. D., stated that the hon. secretaries had issued two circulars in December last with a view of ascertaining what support might be expected from the independent Chiefs and other large horse owners on this side of India, and that from the answers received to date there appeared to be no doubt that a considerable number of animals might be expected for exhibition.

It was unanimously resolved that the proposed Horse and Cattle Show be held on the occasion of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor's visit to Bombay inasmuch as the promised support appeared to be satisfactory.

The draft prospectus, prepared by the honorary secretaries, was then discussed, and finally adopted.

SETTLEMENT OF AN OLD DISPUTE.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—There has been a long established custom in Cutch Mandvi by which the Bohra community of that town were prohibited from riding horses through any of its streets. This custom had its origin, it is said, in an affront given in olden times to one of the Mahajan or Bania caste on some auspicious occasion, and this was said to have been so much felt by the latter that they would on no account suffer any of the Bohras to pass through the town on horse-back. This interdict was a source of hatred and enmity between the two communities. In 1872 his late Highness Maharaja Pragmalji, G.C.S.I., endeavoured to put an end to this long existing and constantly irritating custom. A proclamation was issued, ordering the removal of the prohibition, and a few of the Bohras were made to ride through some of the thoroughfares. But this was so persistently opposed by the Mahajans that the authorities had to use force in suppressing their opposition. Great dissatisfaction then prevailed throughout the most important sections of the inhabitants of the town, and there was a suspension of business for some days. His Highness at last considered it expedient to resort to conciliatory measures in the interests of trade, and an arrangement was made by which it was determined that the Bohras should on no account pass riding through a few specified portions of the town where the Banias generally reside. This arrangement however did not satisfy all requirements. As late as 1887, when his Highness the present Rao was away, attending her Majesty's Jubilee in England, some of the Bohra processions transgressed the limits assigned to them which led to an affray, and the Dewan of the State, Rao Bahadur Motilal Lalbhai, who conducted the administration during his Highness's absence was reluctantly compelled to order criminal proceedings against those who took part in the disturbance. The proceedings terminated by the conviction and punishment of about twelve of the Bania and six of the Bohra rioters.

About a fortnight ago his Highness while on a visit to Mandvi, in company with his Dewan Rao Bahadur Motilal, and Secretary Mr. Chhotalal, and Rana Shri Jalama Sinhaji, availed himself of the occasion to bring about a settlement between the two contending factions once for all by amicable means. It is a matter of great satisfaction to all those who know anything of this vexed question that his Highness' efforts have been eminently successful, and both the Bohras and the Mahajans have agreed to the total removal of the existing restriction. Great credit is due in this respect to the powers of persuasion, tact, and judgment of Rana Jalama Sinhaji, who took an active part in bringing about an understanding between the two sets of disputants.

On the 29th ultimo there was a Bohra wedding at Mandvi, and a large procession was allowed to pass through almost all the principal streets with great eclat. Sheth Adamji Peerbhai, a leading gentleman of the Bohra community in Bombay, went specially to Mandvi to attend the procession.

By the way may be mentioned that causes of disputes between the Mahajans and Mahomedans existed in Mundra and Anjar in connection with the Tabut and Holi festivals, and these have also been similarly terminated. Indeed it is a matter of real satisfaction that all troubles of this kind have been set at rest during the beneficent administration of his Highness Maharaja Khengarji, a result not a little conducive to the best interests of trade and commerce, in which many of his Highness' subjects are successfully engaged in and out of the province.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

DR. BLANEY presided at the weekly meeting of the Standing Committee held yesterday, and the other members present were Colonel Merewether, Messrs. E. B. Carroll, Dosabhoy Framjee, C. S. I., K. N. Kabrajee, Javerilal Umiashunker Yajnik, K. M. Shroff, Mooljee Bhowanidas, Fazulbhoy Visram, Muncherjee N. Banajee, and Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee.

UNAUTHORISED STRUCTURES.

As applied for by the Commissioner, sanction was given, under section 351(2) of the Municipal Act, to the removal of the structures built without permission by Mr. Abdool Gufur at Nishampada Road; by Bai Aminabai at Duncan Road; and by Jivanlaljee Maharaj at Old Hannooman Lane.

FILTER BED AT THE BHUNDARWADA RESERVOIR.

The Committee considered a letter from the Commissioner, forwarding a report from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works, on the subject of providing patent concrete floor for one filter bed at the Bhundarwada Reservoir, and asking the approval of the Committee to the acceptance by him of the tender of Messrs. Bird and Co., agents for the Indian Patent Stone Company, without inviting tenders for the above work, at a cost of Rs. 9,520, plus Rs. 952 for cost of contingencies at 10 per cent.—total Rs. 10,472,—against budget provision of Rs. 11,000.

It was proposed by Mr. Caroll, and seconded by Colonel Merewether, that the Commissioner's recommendation be sanctioned.

Mr. Kabrajee suggested a week's postponement for a fuller report from Mr. Tomlinson.

Colonel Merewether asked whether Mr. Kabrajee could guarantee the receipt within a week of another report from Mr. Tomlinson, who was down with fever.

After some further discussion, Mr. Carroll's proposition was carried by a majority of votes, the Standing Committee dispensing with the invitation for tenders, which would be necessary otherwise, as Messrs. Bird and Co. are the sole agents for the company.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF ROAD METAL.

The Commissioner asked sanction to his accepting the tender of Messrs. Fakir Mahomed Babanbhai and Co., for the supply of road metal during the year 1890-91, as Mr. Sambajee Malloo, the acceptance of whose tender was sanctioned by the Committee on the 5th inst., had stated his inability to supply metal of the size required and specified in his tender, the sample deposited by him being oversized metal.

It was resolved that the sanction be accorded.

ADVANCE IN PRICE OF IRON.

It was resolved that, as recommended by the Commissioner, and consequent on the heavy advance of the price of iron in England, sanction be given to the charging of Rs. 115 per ton of straight cast-iron pipes in lieu of the rate of Rs. 105 per ton, as sanctioned by the Committee on the 18th December 1889.

TENDER FOR COAL AND COKE.

After some discussion, it was resolved that sanction be given to the acceptance by the Commissioner of the tender of Messrs. Dadabhoy Hormasjee and Co. for the supply of coal and coke during the year 1890-91, at fixed rates, subject to the tenderers agreeing to an alteration in the specification, by which they would bind themselves to supply the best coal as supplied to mills, colliery screened, in Bombay, at unscreened rates.

THE SLAUGHTER-HOUSE AND THE PINJRAPOLE.

The Committee also resolved that, with reference to their resolution dated 23rd ultimo, the Corporation be recommended to refer Government to para. 5 of the report accompanying the letter addressed to them by the President, on the 3rd July last, to the effect that the slaughter-houses at Bandora were erected after the fullest consideration, and that the Corporation do not, under existing circumstances, see any necessity for removing the slaughter-houses to Matunga; and that the Pinjrapole does not belong to the Corporation, who have nothing to do with its removal.

After transacting some other business, the Committee adjourned.

EVENING ENTERTAINMENT AT BREACH CANDY.

IN addition to the addresses, presented by the Khoja communities of Bombay and Calcutta to Sir Tharia Topun, congratulating him on the honour of knighthood conferred upon him, he was entertained at an evening party given at Mr. Joomabhoy Lalljee's bungalow, Breach Candy, on Tuesday last. The reception committee had spared no trouble or expense in the way of making the decoration, and illuminations as attractive as could be. Mr. Joomabhoy's bungalow was in fact all ablaze from top to basement; and a pretty fountain played in the midst of the garden grounds, where a string band discoursed sweet music at intervals. In the upper part of the house, where the guests were accommodated in tastefully furnished rooms in addition to an open terrace, an Austrian string band, consisting of ladies and gentlemen, played a selection of music during the evening. Sir Tharia Topun, accompanied by his son Mr. Jafferbhoy, arrived about 9-30 p.m., when he was welcomed in the landing by the Hon. R. M. Sayani, Mr. Jafferbhoy Joomabhoy, Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy, and others, and was escorted to the upper reception-hall, where he exchanged salutations with his friends and acquaintances. Among those present were the captain and officers of the Brazilian man-of-war Almirante Barroso, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., Lord Colin Campbell, Hon. R. M. Sayani, Messrs. S. D. Sassoon, T. J. Bennett, A. M. Gubbay, Ahmedbhoy Hubibhhoy, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Damodhardas Tapidas Varjdas, Fazulbhai Visram, James Greaves, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Dr. Peterson, Messrs. H. Wynford Barrow, Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengalee, C.I.E., the Consul General for Persia, the Nawab of Jinjeera, the Turkish Consul, Messrs. Hassumbhoy Visram, Dyabhoy Tapidas Varjdas, Rahimbhoy Hubibhhoy, P. Ryan, N. De Ga, James Gray, C. J. Kidd, A. MacLaggan, J. Hewitt, J. A. Cassels, S. Nathan, Duherty, Corrodi, E.R. Smetham, Byrne, J. B. Lee, J. Stiven, D. Jackson, H. Chalmers, A. Leslie, Allan F. Turner, W. Richardson, F. Edgelow, Rahimtoolabhoy Khairajbhoy, Y. M. Kelkar, Javerilal Umiashunker Yajnik, D.R. Chicbgar, Dr. K. N. Bahadhurjee, Dr. T. B. Nariman, Dr. Venayek Gheed, Dr. D. B. Patel, Dr. P. M. Nicholson, Dr. H. Batlivalla, Messrs. R. D. Setna, Jamsetjee Curaetjee Jamsetjee, Amiroodin Tyebjee, Nensay Peroo Mahomed, Shewjee Dhurmajee, Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter, Vijbhucandas Atmaram, J. C. Cama, Fazulbhoy Joomabhoy Lalljee, Abdulabhoy Lalljee, S. N. Cooper, N. R. Ranina, Rahmoobhoy Allana, Sewjee Nathoo, Khan Bahadur Byramjee D. Registrar, Messrs. Peerbhoy K. Padamsey, Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Shaik Noor Cassum, Ali Mahomed Bhimjee, Lilladhur Shamjee, A. M. Dhanamsey, Currimbhoy Nensey, M. B. Cooper, Dadabhoy N. Davur, Hajee Sulleman Abdool Wahed, Ruttonjee J. Parakh, Noormahomed Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, Anandrao N. Wasudeo, Ghellabhai Haridas, Esoofali Sumsoodin, J. D. Ghandi, Jafferbhai Tharia Topun, Jaffer Ludha Chatoor, Moreshwar Wittoba, Hajee Adul H. Zenail Abadeen, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Dost Mahomed Allana, &c. An adjournment was later on made to the refreshment *buffets* laid in the rear compound of the bungalow. The entertainment proved a very enjoyable one, and the guests dispersed at a late hour.

THE YARN MARKET.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—For some time past the local yarn market has been in a very unsatisfactory condition. The China and Japan markets have nearly 30,000 bales of unsold stock, and an equally large quantity of uncleared goods, lying in various parts of those two countries, chiefly Hongkong, Shanghai, and Kobe. During the last three or four months, while the sales reported from China and Japan are meagre, the exports of cotton twist have continued to be extensive, thus glutting those consuming districts. The consequence is that prices of yarn have declined, and at the present moment there are no buyers of ready goods even at greatly reduced rates, for money is very scarce and exchange low. The sales in China for the fortnight ending on Monday, the 10th instant, are variously reported, from 7,500 to 9,000 bales, with exchange at Rs. 220½ per 100 dollars. Such an unsatisfactory state of the local market for twist has led three of the old mills in Bombay, and two up-country, to cease working for the present; and we hear another attempt is being made by a few members of the Mill-owners Association to call a meeting to discuss afresh the advisibility of closing the mills for eight days in a month for a quarter of a year, with a view of reducing the production and improving the market.

KING MILAN ought to be in very comfortable circumstances, thinks the *World*, for his allowance from the Servian Government is £1,000 per month, paid without any deductions; and in order to prevent him from making indiscreet and embarrassing revelations, the Emperor of Austria gives him £400 per month. It is reported at Berlin that Milan informed the Emperor of Austria that he was about to write his reminiscences in the hope of adding to his inadequate income, and the hint was promptly taken.

OPENING OF THE BOMBAY FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

THE Bombay Fine Arts Exhibition was opened yesterday by Sir Charles Sargent, in the absence of Lord Reay. Just after the doors were thrown open Lady Reay, attended by Captain Forbes, A.-D.-C., arrived. The Governor's band was in attendance, and played at intervals during the evening.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Scott said:—

Lady Reay, Sir Charles Sargent, Ladies and Gentlemen,—The pleasing duty devolves upon me of asking you, Sir Charles Sargent, to declare the second annual exhibition of the Bombay Arts Society open to the public. First let me thank you on behalf of the Society for coming here to-day. We regret exceedingly the inevitable absence of Lord Reay, who has always taken a most helpful interest in our Society, and I trust the indisposition from which he suffers will be of an extremely temporary character. At the same time we are very glad and feel highly honoured by the presence of the Chief Justice of Bombay, whom I may call the Nestor of our community, and whose words of kindly wisdom have especial value of their own all over Western India. (Applause.) It is just a year ago since I performed a similar duty, and then I ventured to prophesy that this Society would be a most prosperous and successful undertaking, and I also expressed the confident hope that the city of Bombay would divest itself for a little while of some of its commercial character, and widen its somewhat exclusively commercial reputation by extending a most liberal encouragement to the Fine Arts. That prophecy has been most amply fulfilled. We have an abundance of subscribers. This year we have fifty more than last year. We also have an abundance of prizes, and we have received most ready support from the whole of the community, and a large number of artistic competitors have furnished these walls with works of great merit, and I am glad to say that the public last year indulged more in admiration than criticism, and I hope they will do the same again this year. As regards finances we are in a prosperous position. We found when our accounts were audited last year that we had a considerable surplus in hand, and immediately we set about considering what was the best object to put this surplus to, and we decided to organize an Industrial Arts Exhibition, and that scheme has received most abundant support from every part of the Presidency. (Applause.) I am quite sure that our Exhibition, which will be held next month in the grounds of the Art School will be one of the most interesting features of the week's entertainment which is to be provided for our Royal Prince. One of the particular features of this exhibition is that it is to a certain extent a loan exhibition, and I should like to take this opportunity in the name of the Society to publicly thank all those who have so generously contributed from their collections, and more especially his Highness the Gaekwar and Mr. Tata, whose galleries have largely contributed to the charms of this exhibition. (Applause.) This exhibition would not be the success it is, if we had not been fortunate in securing the services of a most indefatigable secretary, full of readiness for every kind of work, as Mr. Forrest. (Applause). The pictures would not have been so well hung, and the ornamentation not so bright if Mr. Mant and Mr. Greenwood had not slaved for days in getting it ready for yesterday. (Applause.) Finally, on behalf of the committee we must thank his Excellency the Governor-in-Council for the permission he so kindly gave us to use these rooms, and I wish he was here to see how the art of Western India has decorated these walls in reply to his hospitality in allowing us to come here. I will now ask you, Sir Charles Sargent, to declare this exhibition open. (Loud applause.)

Sir Charles Sargent, in declaring the Exhibition open, said:—

Lady Reay, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—I am sure you will all share in the regret which has been expressed by Mr. Justice Scott at the cause which has prevented his Excellency from being present on this occasion—the last he will have of opening an exhibition of the Bombay Art Society. I should have wished myself that in his absence, some one could have been found whose knowledge of art would have enabled him to discourse pleasantly to you on this subject from an artistic point of view. I can have no pretension to the knowledge to enable me to do anything of the sort; but there is one point of view from which the exhibition may be looked at, and on which I may be allowed to say a few words. It seems to me amongst the Europeans at least they have a very special value as being a sort of link in the dual life, if I may so say, which all Europeans lead here more or less. I mean the home life of the West, which we live by force of the memory and imagination, and the life which we actually live in this country. An exhibition of this sort is almost like a piece of Western civilisation, being introduced into what I may call the monotonous routine of our daily life, and I do not think I am demanding too much of the Europeans, at least, when I say that it is one which leads us back to the days when we wandered to the Royal Academy or the *Salon*. And even if this should be too great a stretch of the imagination, we have at least the advantage on such an occasion as this of gazing upon a number of admirable works of art, which I have no doubt would receive commendation, and many of them be placed on the line in any exhibition in Europe. An exhibition of this description has one other very great advantage; it is of a cosmopolitan character, and it affords a pleasure which all can share in, irrespective of race, age, caste, and creed. Here we all meet together, wherever we come from, with a capability of deriving the purest and most innocent pleasure from the delightful works which cover these walls. Mr Justice Scott has told you how very thriving this institution is. I believe there are not quite so many competitors as last year; but I am told that the pictures are of a higher quality. It is to be regretted that very few pictures have been sent from other presidencies, because many contributions were sent from here to the exhibitions in Madras and Calcutta, where they were attended with very signal success. Therefore we should wish that those who are given to this form of art, in whatever part of India they may be, should send their works here; and let us hope they will meet with the same success as those which have gone from this Presidency. I can only repeat the obligation under which we lie to those gentlemen who have taken such an active part in arranging this exhibition, and we cannot be too much indebted to them for the enormous labour they have expended on it. I will not detain you longer, as I know you are all very anxious to look at the pictures and exercise that critical right which belongs to you all, and sit in judgment on the decisions of the umpires. (Laughter and applause.) With these remarks, I beg to declare this exhibition open, and I hope you will derive the greatest pleasure from it. (Applause.)

PRIZE LIST.

The Judging Committee completed their labours yesterday, and awarded the following prizes:—

THE SOCIETY'S GOLD MEDALS.

1. For the best landscape in any medium. Mrs. James Jardine, for No. 163.
2. For the best figure subject in any medium. Mrs. Uloth, for No. 1.

THE SOCIETY'S SILVER MEDALS.

3. For the best painting of flowers or still life in oil colours. Mrs. Uloth, for No. 89.
4. For the best painting of flowers or still life, in water-colours. Mrs. James Jardine, for No. 160.
5. For the best painting in monochrome (any medium). Col. H. S. Hutchinson, for No. 217.
6. For the best sketch in oil-colours, size not less than 12 by 8 in. Mr. E. B. Carroll, for No. 32.
7. For the best sketch in water-colours, size not less than 12 by 8 in. Mrs. James Jardine, for No. 159.
8. For the best drawing in pastel, black or coloured crayons. Mr. N. N. Desai, for No. 287.
9. For the best architectural drawing. Mr. Parashram Bhau Rokde, for No. 425.
10. For the best model in any material. Mr. L. M. Gomes, for No. 431.
11. For the best photograph, printed by any process. Mr. Justice Parsons, for No. 373.
12. For the best Delhi painting on ivory. Mr. Zulfikar Khan, for No. 429.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S PRIZE.

13. For the best picture in the Exhibition. Mrs. Uloth, for No. 1.

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S PRIZE.

14. For the best painting by an officer of the Bombay Army (oil or water colours). Major A. B. Stopford, for No. 243.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S PRIZES.

15. For the best picture in oil-colours by a lady who has not taken a prize at this or any other exhibition since July 1889. Mrs. Whitworth, for No. 83.
16. For the best picture in water-colours by a lady who has not taken a prize at this or any other exhibition since July 1889. Mrs. Mander, for No. 220.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S AND JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT'S PRIZE.

17. For the best figure painting in oil or water colours. Miss Dora Starling, for No. 66.

PRIZE BY SOME MEMBERS OF THE BOMBAY BAR.

18. The best seascape in any medium. Mrs. James Jardine, for No. 163.

MR. JAMES JARDINE'S PRIZE.

19. For the best landscape in oil-colours. Mr. H. C. Soundy, for No. 34.

SIR FRANK FORBES ADAM'S PRIZE.

20. For the best landscape in water-colours. Mrs. James Jardine, for No. 163.

THE BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S PRIZE.

21. For the best painting of animal life in oil or water colours. Mrs. Macpherson, for No. 67.

MR. R. W. ULOTH'S PRIZE.

22. For the best figure subject in oil or water colours. Winners in last year's Exhibition excluded. Mrs. Fraser, for No. 97.

MR. HOWROJI N. WADIA'S PRIZE.

23. For the best picture in oil-colours, either landscape or figures painted within the last two years by a professional Native artist in India. Mr. Pestonjee Bomanjee, for No. 85.

MR. VIJBHUCAND ATMARAM'S PRIZE.

24. For the best picture by a Native of India (amateurs only). Mr. S. J. Pacheco, for No. 94.

MRS. SCOTT'S PRIZE.

25. For the best picture by a Native lady of India. This prize was divided. Miss D. F. Banaji, for No. 109, Miss S. Bhicaji Postwala, for No. 55.

MR. GEORGE COTTON'S PRIZE.

26. For the best picture in any medium by a mechanic, artizan, or student of the Technical Institute of Bombay. No competitors.

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SCOTT'S PRIZE.

27. For the best drawing in black and white. Mr. N. N. Desai, for No. 287.

MR. J. GRIFFITH'S PRIZE.

28. For the best study of a head or group of heads from life, in any medium or material, by a student of the Bombay School of Art. Mr. B. A. Yadev, for No. 292.

SIR DINSHAW MANECKJI PETIT'S PRIZES.

29. For the best picture in any medium by an artist who has obtained a training in art either privately or at a school in India. Mr. Pestonjee Bomanjee, for No. 275.
30. For the second best picture in any medium by an artist who has a training in art either privately or at a school in India. Mr. Isaac Benjamin, for No. 73.

COLONEL AYRTON FULLAM'S PRIZE.

31. For the best landscape painting in oil or water colours, by a lady who has taken no other prize. Miss Johnson, for No. 84.

MR. HAJEEBHOY LALLJEE'S PRIZE.

32. For the best picture of fruit or flowers in oil or water colours. Mrs. Uloth, for No. 89.

MR. J. N. TATA'S PRIZES.

33. For the best picture of any part of Bombay, in oil-colours. Mr. A. K. Oliver, for No. 111.
34. For the best sketch of any part of Bombay in water-colours. Major A. B. Stopford, for No. 127.

MR. G. C. WHITWORTH'S PRIZE.

35. For the best picture in any medium of a Hindu or Mussulman building in India. Mrs. W. Kitchener, for No. 136.

MR. K. M. HERRAMANEK'S PRIZE.

36. For the best decorative panel. Mrs. R. Kelsall, for wisteria panel in screen, No. 172.

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE PARSON'S PRIZE.

37. For the best set of 6 photographs other than portraits not less than 8½ by 6½ in., taken and printed by any process since the date of the last Exhibition, by an amateur in India. Mr. A. P. Webbe, for Nos. 388, 392, 399.

HIGHLY COMMENDED.

Mrs. Uloth, No. 2.
Mrs. Fraser, No. 49.
Miss Tocque, No. 58.
Miss Starling, Nos. 82, 93.
Miss Mabel Bulkley, No. 98.
Mrs. James Jardine, Nos. 167, 164, 161, 137, 157, 238.
Mrs. Scott, No. 168.
Capt. Temple, Nos. 166, 152.
Mrs. Mander, No. 125.
Mr. E. B. Carroll, No. 134.
Mrs. S. J. Kay, No. 129.
Mrs. Griffiths, Nos. 206, 205, 207.
Mr. Pestonjee Bomanjee, Nos. 273, 274.
Mr. Justice Parsons, No. 371.
Mrs.

posal and grouping of the shrubs and flowers showing great artistic taste, and imparting a cool air to the rooms which is very attractive. To Messrs. E. Greenwood and R. N. Mant, and to the honorary secretary, Mr. L. W. R. Forrest, who since the middle of last week have been almost residing in the Secretariat, so busy have they been, is due the credit for this work. The electric lighting, a new departure in the exhibition, which was mentioned in the preliminary notice, is working splendidly, and reflects the greatest credit on Messrs. Benn Ashley's electrical engineer, Mr. Crawford, considering that some of the plant, supplied by Ganz and Co., did not arrive in time, and which Mr. Crawford had to make good by his own ingenuity.

The first works to be noted in an exhibition of this sort are usually the loan pictures. Here they are much more numerous, and of greater value than last year. To H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda the Society and the art-loving public at large owe many thanks for the grand specimens of art he has sent up to enhance the show. They are five in number, and are all in Room IV. Mr. J. N. Tata has lent some valuable works, the most important of which is "The World and the cloister," by E. Rau, Munich, and which is particularly interesting from the fact that it gained the gold medal at the Crystal Palace last year. "A Dutch Scene," by H. Liesegang (41), also displays Mr. Tata's artistic taste in collecting; while a German picture, "A Pet" (52), is chiefly remarkable for the scheme of lighting. He also exhibits two magnificent pieces of sculpture, "La Baigneuse" (118) and "A Statue" (119). A Scotch Art Union picture. "A Harvest Scene," by Hector Chalmers, is lent by Dr. Maconachie; and Mr. H. Bromley has sent in two charming specimens of still life.

Coming now to local art the exhibits show a distinct advance on last year. Oil paintings are perhaps not so numerous; and the hands of one or two artists who did a lot of remarkably good work last year are conspicuous by their absence. There is nothing from the easel of Mr. Arthur Grey, the ex-secretary of the Society, who last year presented so wonderful a view of the Taj at Agra, and who had so many warm encomiums passed upon him for his almost dazzling, but admirably composed and well-balanced bit of colouring the Old Palace at Amber, Jeypore. Nor have we been sent anything from Mr. Stanley Tytler, who exhibited so many admirable works. We fail also to notice any of Mr. Sterndale's tigers which so profusely dotted the walls of the Secretariat last year. But whatever there may be lacking—if there be anything—in the show of oils as compared with the first exhibition, is amply made up in the display of water-colour drawings. Not only have they been sent in in greater quantity, but the quality greatly surpasses that of last year. In fact there is no comparison between the two exhibitions in that respect. It would seem as if the sculptor's chisel had not been very busy during the past year. There may be some to deny the statement, but art patrons are themselves to blame for that now-a-days in not evincing any great interest in the art. Certainly sculpture is an expensive form of adornment for the hall, and it naturally follows when there is no demand there will be no supply. Architectural drawings are likewise scanty, but what there are of them are remarkably fine, notably those of Mr. Stevens, who has sent in a beautiful drawing of the new Municipal Buildings which is to be sent to the Royal Academy, and also an interior view of the Booking Hall at the Victoria Terminus; but these will be noticed more fully in a future article.

Among the more important specimens of local art sent in are those from the easel of Mr. J. Griffiths, vice-president of the Society, and Principal of the Bombay School of Art. His chief work is a portrait of the late Sir Maxwell Melvill (115), subscribed for by a number of friends, and which is to be hung in the High Court alongside the portrait of Sir Michael Westropp. It is a delightfully rendered portrait, and there is a touch of originality in the treatment of the back ground, which throws the head into apparent relief with wonderful effect. The likeness, too, is most truthfully portrayed, and there is something very life-like in the thoughtful expression of countenance, the dreamy grey eye, while the hair brushed straight off the intellectual forehead is painted as one has seen it, "in his life, a sable silvered." The Back Bay from Malabar Hill with the charming winding panorama of Bombay beyond, is a favourite study for local artists. Everyone must remember Mr. Griffiths' charming picture of the "Back Bay by Moonlight," last season. This year he has treated the subject in a different fashion. His "Sunrise from Malabar Hill." (113) is equally charming with the last named, painted in strong contrast, and at the same time an excellent companion picture. Of sunsets there are any number on the walls of the Secretariat, but sunrises are a rarity, and indeed there is not much to be wondered at in that, because, to properly depict a sunrise requires a master hand. Mr. Griffiths' "Sunrise" is in a word, a success. The dazzling blue of the sea, is a bright foreground to the groups of large buildings beyond, which are in turn in strong relief to the sky all bathed in morning light. He has also produced "Back Bay in early morning" (239) in pastels, this view looking towards Malabar Hill. It is a nice, delicate bit of drawing and full of life too, the hour of depicture being chosen when the shore is crowded with newly-arrived fishing boats. There is a fine open-air aspect about "Igatpuri from the Lake" (114), which shows the scene when at its best, having been painted in October when all is green and clad in healthful bloom. No one can fail to remember that revelation of figure painting which formed a feature of last year's exhibition, Mr. Griffith's Royal Academy picture "Ajunta Caves, A. D. 600." He is at present engaged on one of a like character, and of about the same size, the canvas being 6½ feet by 2½ feet. It is a pity his multifarious duties in college prevented his finishing it in time, because it would have been something for our local amateurs to study, but he shows a sketch of it—"Coming from the Temple" (112). The central figure even in this rough sketch exhibits, as is shown in his portrait of Sir Maxwell Melvill, the artist's wonderful gift of depicting expressive countenances. In the sketch the child in the foreground is represented as looking upwards into her mother's face, but a happier idea has occurred to the artist while working out that sketch. In the unfinished picture, the little girl is holding out a hand filled with grain which is being fearlessly pecked by a bird. It is a prettily imagined picture, the outcome of a true artistic mind.

Mrs. H.W. Uloth's pictures always excite a keen interest, not only on account of the pretty subjects she chooses to depict on canvas, but she is to be envied for the honours she always secures. Two years in succession she has carried off the Governor's prize at Poona and Bombay, and again no one could possibly grudge her the place of honour that has been given her "Missy Baba" (1). Again she has been awarded, not only the Governor's prize; but with this same picture, "Missy Baba" has taken the Society's gold medal for the best figure-subject in any medium, as the prize list published in another column will show. It is in a way a companion picture to "Intruders," which carried off the Governor's prize at the last exhibition. What could be more sweet than the pose, and expression on the young child's face as she sits watching the faithful ayah amusing her infant charge by building a toy castle? As in former works the draughtsmanship is perfect, the lighting and shading are wonderfully effective, while evident care has been bestowed on the technique of the surroundings. Immediately above hangs a cleverly executed portrait (2) of Mr. Uloth, and the versatility of the artist's brush is displayed in a lovely bit of flower-painting, "Orchids" (89), which occupies a prominent place at the further end of the gallery, and which has been awarded Mr. Hajeobhoy Lalljee's prize for the best flower study. It is a model of harmonious colouring and careful drawing.

Close by Mrs. Uloth's "Orchids" and in marked contrast to it in style of handling, hangs Miss Dora Starling's "Roses" (90), which the judges have highly commended. For skill and artistic display it is one of the finest bits of work of the kind in the exhibition. A happy and tasteful effect is produced by placing the pale pink flowers against a cold grey ground. But that is by no means that talented young lady's most important work. A little further up to the right is one to which she has given the title "Behind our Bungalow" (86) which had carried off the Chief Justices' and Judges' prize for the best figure-painting. Compared with all the other pictures Miss Starling's work exhibits what may be considered a peculiarity. Her style of handling the brush is decidedly French. Some there may be who do not like it; but it is genuine art. The more one studies the pose of the female figures in No. 86, the more one admires the grace of her pencil. Surrounded by a group of brightly coloured works, the modest little "Home News" (28) might almost pass unnoticed were it not for this distinct—as compared with the others—mode of handling. It is even more after the French school than the one previously mentioned. It is a charmingly subdued bit of colouring, refined, and yet painted in most harmonious tints. She also exhibits her skill as a portrait painter in a drawing of Sir Charles Sargent, Kt., (82), which has also been highly commended. In water-colour it must be admitted she hardly shows the same power, although "A Street in Nasik" (130) is a meritorious work.

A very versatile artist is Mr. Pestonjee Bomonjee. He occupies a large amount of space with "Zoroaster, the Founder of the Parsi Religion" (106) and a "Portrait of the late Mr. Khatau Makanji" (105). They are both only copies. In the former he has succeeded in imparting a pleasingly mild expression to the face, but the flow of the hair and draping of the figure are very amateurish in treatment. The latter is better; but in attempting to gratify his ambition to paint something big he has only succeeded in throwing away so much paint and canvas. But leaving these out of the question, his smaller works in oil, aquarelle crayons, and pastels, prove him a good artist. Take for instance "A Rustic Musician" (85), which the judges considered the best exhibit by a professional native artist, and awarded Mr. Nowroji N. Wadia's prize accordingly. He paints with a bold brush. The colouring is strong and true in tone, the expression of feature and blood-shot eye being strikingly realistic. Such a picture conveys the idea that Mr. Pestonjee would be an excellent portrait-painter; and on looking round the walls we find "H. E. Lord Reay" (85), which Mr. Mir Zulfikar Ali Khan commissioned Mr. Pestonji to paint for presentation to the Municipality of Surat, in commemoration of the Governor's kind sympathy and exertions at the recent fire. A still more successful portrait of H. E. the Governor is No. 187 in crayon. He has several other crayon and pastel drawings which are characteristic of the artist's skill.

Painted in most harmonious tints, the full range of the palette, is Amy H. Brackenbury's "Heavy Field Battery in Action" (78). It exhibits a great amount of labour, and the most exquisite care has been bestowed on the details. The artillerymen and the elephants in the middle ground, are of course the central figures, but it is not in that portion the chief beauty of the picture lies. The warm colouring of the surroundings, and the distant mountains show most masterful handling. A picture of a completely different character is "Pigeon Pair," (96). It represents the portraits of a little boy and girl. The features are pretty, and the fair artist has imparted a natural sweetness of expression to the infantile countenances which arrests the attention as we pass. It is a happy subject, happily carried out. She also exhibits "Love's Young Dream," a study in pastels which took a prize at Poona Exhibition of 1889.

A landscapist who has done some excellent work in water-colours, and who deserves special mention for the wonderful improvement she has made since last exhibition, is Mrs. James Jardine. She has on view about a dozen pictures in all, all of which are well worthy of careful study. In a future article some further mention will be made of them.

A PROPOSED BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you be so good as to insert the following letter in your correspondence columns on the subject of the remarks made in a commercial report in your contemporary's columns the other day, relating to certain reforms suggested by the agents of the banks. One of these questions, it is stated, is the formation of a Brokers' Association, to which I beg to call their particular attention, and to arouse them to a sense of their own interests, as well as the wants of the poor class of native brokers.

It has been proposed, I believe, that each should pay an admission fee of Rs. 500 in order to protect the mutual interests of the banks, and to serve as a guarantee for the character and trustworthiness of the brokers employed to transact business with the banks.

Now, Sir, I beg to observe that since the banks were established in the year 1843 the principal business has been carried on by the firms through their respectable native brokers, long before the larger number of Europeans entered the field, and these even cannot get on without the aid of native brokers. During that long period cases of misconduct have seldom, if ever, occurred, and those misconducting themselves have been marked men, with whom no business would be done. There has, therefore, never been any necessity for the banks to inflict such an imposition. The brokers doing business with the banks are most respectable persons, whose character and trustworthiness have been long established with the banks and firms employing them. If it were not so, how could the firms intrust them with orders to execute. I fail to see the necessity for insisting on it, and the writer justly remarks that the fee of Rs. 500 "is a mere trifle, and that no amount of guarantee money, however large, can secure their safety unless the character of the party or parties employed by them is undoubted and admitted to be good." Why, then, it is open to any one, whatever his character may be, if he pays the amount to enter the association which is most absurd. Besides, what necessity is there when the banks run no risk whatever? Every transaction has to be confirmed by the firm itself, who gives the broker the order, and it is the duty of the bank to be satisfied on the point, should there be any doubt about the broker.

I beg to observe that such a scheme would bear very hard on the poorer class of respectable brokers who are unable to deposit Government paper as security, and it is unjust to deprive them of the business they have been doing with the banks and firms so many years, and whose character for honesty and integrity is unimpeachable. The proposal seems more like a combination to confine the business to a few or a clique of the wealthier class, and to secure for them a monopoly of the business, which is hardly fair.

I, therefore, call the brokers serious attention to the fact, and suggest they should hold a meeting, without delay, to discuss the subject in all its bearing with the view of sending up an appeal to the banks and firms on their behalf, and if the banks will not relent to place the matter before the Chamber of Commerce. The writer of the remarks referred to seems to have been rather hasty in expressing the views of the majority, without any warrant from them to do so, when he states the brokers should congratulate themselves on the intended reform. I beg to say it is quite otherwise, as the majority of native brokers are decidedly against such an arrangement.—Yours, &c.,

N. M. LUNGRANA.

Bandora, Feb. 11.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

A BAD START.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* LAKSHMAN NARAYEN.

AN appeal was filed in this case against a decision of Mr. Ryan, Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, who in August last ordered the accused, who was charged with theft, to be sent to the reformatory at Yerrowda for three years.

From the records it appeared that the accused pleaded guilty to having stolen a pair of silver anklets from the person of a little girl while she was with her father at the Mankeshwar fair on the 18th August last. It also appeared that he had once in 1883 been sent to the Sassoon Reformatory when nine years old, and again convicted of theft and imprisoned in 1888, for eight days. Mr. Ryan, therefore, being of opinion that he was in a fair way to becoming an habitual offender, ordered him to be sent to the Yerrowda Reformatory as stated above. The accused, in his appeal, denied the charge, adding that at the time he was arrested he was under the influence of liquor, and the ornament had been thrown near him by the real thief, who had escaped. Their lordships set aside the order of the Presidency Magistrate, and convicted the accused of the offence of theft under section 379 of the Indian Penal Code, and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment, at the same time directing, under Act V. of 1876, that instead of undergoing his sentence, he should be sent to the Yerrowda Reformatory school, and there be detained for a period of three years, to commence from the 20th August, the appeal being rejected.

THE VICEROY AND THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

THE Viceroy in responding to the vote of thanks for having presided at the annual meeting of this Fund on Friday last, said:—

Your Honor, Ladies and Gentlemen,—I thank you heartily for the vote which you have been good enough to pass, and I can assure you that the compliment was the more appreciated by me from the fact that the motion was seconded by so generous a friend of the Association as the Maharaja of Durbhanga, whose princely liberality has been more than once referred to this evening in appropriate terms. (Applause). After what I ventured to say last year upon the occasion of the annual meeting of the Association, it is scarcely necessary for me to assure you of the deep interest which I take in its affairs, or of my anxiety to place at its disposal, whenever I can do so with advantage, any services which I am able to render it. Upon the present occasion those services have been of the slightest possible order. It has, however, been most agreeable to me to take part in these proceedings and to listen to the statements which have been made in regard to the affairs of the Dufferin Fund by those gentlemen who have already addressed you. The history of the Fund during the year 1889 has a very special interest for Lady Lansdowne and myself. It is the first year during which she has occupied the position of Lady President, and it is most gratifying to us to find that she has been supported not less cordially than her predecessor to whom the Association owes its foundation. (Applause.) Besides this, we may, I think, say that when an institution such as this has arrived at the fifth year of its existence, it has passed out of the period of emotion and sentiment and excitement through which all such institutions are bound to pass, into the more steady-going and business-like surroundings amidst which its existence, if that existence is to be a prolonged one, must be carried on. Of this Association we may, I hope, say with confidence that it has gone safely through the ailments to which infancy is subject, and is entering upon what promises to be a robust and vigorous youth.

The twelve months to which the report has reference are certainly months of substantial achievement and encouraging promise for the future. I notice with especial satisfaction the account given at page 25 of the report of the extension of our operations, so well described by the Hon'ble Mr. Hutchins in the geographical excursion throughout which he conducted us just now. That extension is graphically and conveniently illustrated in the little map attached to the report upon which the various fields of our activity are shown by red marks denoting important centres, hospitals, and localities in which Fund operations are in working order, or are being organised. I believe that more than one Viceroy has been credited with a desire to paint the whole map of India red, and I am not sure that a similar accusation has not once or twice been already levelled at my head. I am quite prepared to say that, if by painting the whole map of India red is meant painting it red in the sense indicated in the speeches of the two gentlemen who have addressed you so eloquently this evening. I am ready to commence the process at once (applause), and I join with them in hoping that before very long this little eruption of red spots which now somewhat sparsely ornaments the surface of the country may eventually arrive at what is, I believe known in medical phraseology as the confluent stage. (Applause and laughter.)

I venture to refer to one other highly gratifying piece of evidence mentioned in the report at page 18—I mean the notable increase in the number of purda-nasheen women by whom our hospitals and dispensaries have been attended during past years. No evidence could be more conclusive of the growing disposition of the women of India to avail themselves of the medical assistance which the Association has placed within its reach. (Applause.) The activity which has been shown by the supporters of the movement throughout India is most gratifying. It would be impossible to discuss in detail all that is being done in different parts of the country; but as more than one speaker has referred to the shortcomings of the Province of Bengal, I will merely notice what they have said in order to express my earnest hope that the eloquent and vigorous words, which we have listened to this evening upon this subject, may not be without their effect. I cannot help thinking that there is a great deal in what his Honor said that truths of this kind require to be enforced by a certain amount of repitition, and I have little doubt that before another year has passed, the Bengal committee will have found it possible to complete in a thoroughly satisfactory manner the building scheme which it adopted at the time when my predecessor, almost I think as his last public act in the city of Calcutta, addressed a Calcutta audience in support of the proposal to found a new hospital here. (Applause.) I cannot bring myself to believe that the sum still wanted for this purpose, considering the great liberality of the wealthier classes in this Province, will not soon be forthcoming.

May I also be permitted to express my entire concurrence—and I am speaking for Lady Lansdowne as well as for myself—in the importance which the committee attaches to the formation of fresh scholarships to be held by our female students. The sum necessary for the foundation of a single scholarship tenable for four years is not a large one, and there is no more suitable shape in which assistance to the Fund could be given by those who wish it well. I understand it is the case that during last year only one such scholarship was founded—that, namely, which was endowed by an English lady, a personal friend of Lady Lansdowne's, who happened to be staying in Calcutta for a time. Before I resume my place I must be allowed to express Lady Lansdowne's deep gratitude to the ladies and gentlemen who have so loyally assisted her during the past year. (Applause.) Such assistance in this country is almost invariably given by persons whose time is already fully occupied, and who, in order to promote the objects of an institution such as this, have to make large inroads upon their already scanty allowance of leisure moments. Knowing that this is the case Lady Lansdowne owes a double debt of gratitude to her fellow-workers. (Applause.) She wishes me more particularly amongst these to refer to the Secretaries of the provincial branches to the ladies who have served on the different local committees, and last, but certainly not least, to the Civil Surgeons who have afforded assistance, without which the Association certainly could not have achieved the result for which credit is justly taken in the report. (Applause.) As mention has been made of the ladies to whom Association owes an obligation, I desired to mention specially Lady Lansdowne's deep regret that the Association is about to lose in Lady Reay one of its most energetic and intelligent supporters. Testimony has been borne to the value of Lady Reay's services as Lady President of the Bombay Branch at page 8 of the report, in language which does no more than justice to the services which she has rendered. (Applause.) We sincerely trust that the lady who is about to succeed her may take a part not less useful in directing the affairs of the Fund within the Bombay presidency.

And now, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have said all that I need to say, and it remains for me merely to express my hope that a year hence we may find the affairs of the Association flourishing uninterruptedly, and that we may all of us, whatever be our race, creed, or origin, continue to work in support of so good a cause as cordially as we have worked up to the present time. (Loud and continued applause.)

THE CHIN-LUSHAI OPERATIONS.

CHANGSIL BAZAAR (Cachar Column) 5th February.—Thauruma's village was reached by Mr. Daly's force on the 3rd. No opposition was encountered. The village has some 300 houses, and is at an elevation of about 3,000 feet. The path is very good, and the distance from this is about 16 miles.

Thauruma's people turned out in force to see our men march into camp, and seemed much impressed with the rows of rifles. Thauruma came to see Mr. Daly at dusk and talked for some time. He promised to give men to carry the mails between this and Lienpunga, and seemed inclined to help generally.

Mr. Daly was to make a short march yesterday beyond Thauruma to prospect for a suitable spot for a half-way camp between this and Lienpunga, where Mr. Brodrick will remain with 100 rifles. An attempt will also be made to get into direct communication with the Chittagong Column by heliograph, as news coming through Cachar is too old to be of any use. Mr. Carnac will also endeavour to open communication by heliograph with both Mr. Daly and Mr. Brodrick from the neighbourhood of this camp.

The stockade here is nearly completed, and is well placed at the extremity of a spur 300 feet above the river, whence it is approached by a zigzag path up the side of the spur. Godowns have been built inside the stockade for the reception of stores for the Chittagong Column, which will be sent up from Cachar as soon as small boats are available. The river Dullessery is very shallow in places just now, and some of a batch of small boats, which arrived yesterday with police stores had to be unladen before they could be got over the rapids. The weather continues fine.—*Pioneer.*

THE DEFENCE OF THE HUGHLI.

PROBABLY for the first time in history, measures are about to be undertaken by the military authorities to determine the best positions to be taken up on the river Hughli, and the country round about for the defence of the capital of India and its commercial wealth. During the past few days the troops in and around Calcutta have been on the move, and are taking up their positions in different camps along the river side. To supply them with the necessaries of life, the Commissariat Department has been largely indented upon, and supplies of all kinds have been collected at the centre. The operations are officially stated to commence on the 8th of February, and to be completed by the 17th. Small operations will be carried out near Diamond Harbour, and are calculated to last about three days. The attack and defence of villages will be practised, combined probably with night marches to gain decisive points. Reconnoitring patrols will be thrown out to feel for the enemy, and a disposition for outposts by day and night will most likely find a place in the programme. On the fourth day the annual Artillery practice will take place at Fulta, after which the centre of interest will shift to the vicinity of Fort Canning and Sonarpur. On this side the manœuvres will probably take the form of the march of opposed forces to seize a certain point, the possession of which will be struggled for. The operations will conclude by a maritime attack along the Hooghly, to be carried out by the Calcutta Naval Volunteers. It is expected that it will assemble at Diamond Harbour. As this gallant Corps has had plenty of practice on the river, it ought to be able to give a good account of itself in the defence of Calcutta. For the defence of the town itself it has been determined that the Calcutta Volunteer Battalion shall be responsible. The Battalion will march into and take over charge of Fort William, and Colonel Chatterton will assume command of the Fort during the absence of General Auchinleck. This probably is the first occasion on which Fort William has been denuded of its regular garrison, and the high compliment paid to the Volunteer Battalion by the Brigadier-General is greatly appreciated.

The operations are to be under the general direction of General Auchinleck, but special officers have been detailed to command at the different standing camps.

Brigadier-General W. L. Auchinleck is appointed Chief Umpire, and Colonels C. W. Towsend, R. A., and A. Fitz R. Hart, East Surrey Regiment, Umpires, and proceed to Diamond Harbour on the 10th instant.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

Thursday, the 7th instant—Half Battery, 21st Southern Division, Royal Artillery, from Barrackpur to Fort William, by train. Saturday, 9th instant—Half Battery, 21st Southern Division, Royal Artillery, from Fort William to Fulta Battery. Two Companies, East Surrey Regiment, (80 each strong), from Fort William to Diamond Harbour, by train. Headquarters and four Companies (60 each strong) 2nd Bengal Infantry, from Alipur to Hughli Point, by river. Head-quarters and four Companies, 8th Bengal Infantry, (80 each strong), from Barrackpur to Diamond Harbour, by train. Monday, 10th—Four Companies, 2nd Bengal Infantry, from Alipur to Fulta Battery, by river. Tuesday, 11th—31st Field Battery, Royal Artillery, march for Sonarpur to arrive on 12th February. Wednesday, 12th—Battery arrives at Sonarpur. Thursday, 13th—Lancers, 2nd Bengal Cavalry, march to Port Canning. Friday, 14th—Head-quarters and three Companies East Surrey Regiment from Fort William to Sonarpur, by train, one Company, 8th Bengal Infantry, from Fort William to Port Canning, by train. Head-quarters and four Companies, 8th Bengal Infantry, Diamond Harbour, to Sonarpur by train. Head-quarters, and six Companies 11th Bengal, Infantry, from Fort William to Port Canning, by train. 2nd Bengal Cavalry arrive at Port Canning. Calcutta Volunteer Rifles and Cossipore Artillery Volunteers move into Dalhousie Barracks, Fort William. Sunday, 16th—Cossipore Artillery Volunteers drill at Fort William.

MR. GLADSTONE AND MR. GOSCHEN ON PORTUGAL.

SPEAKING at Chester on the 21st ulto. Mr. Gladstone, referring to the Portuguese dispute, said:—

One or two words I must say upon current subjects, which will be very brief. We must all have noticed with great regret the difficulties that have arisen between this country and Portugal. I am not about to condemn or even to question the proceedings of Lord Salisbury until I have had an opportunity of considering them fully and dispassionately. It is our duty to avoid cavil and factious objections in all questions, especially in questions of foreign policy. It must at the same time be a subject of regret to every Englishman if an occasion has arisen—however pressing and urgent that occasion—which places us, for the time, in political collision or controversy with one of those small States which it is the special function of England to cherish and protect, and especially with the State of Portugal, which has, for a long time, stood in a closer alliance with ourselves, and has often derived vital advantage by the power ful arm of this country, raised and wielded in her favour (Cheers).

Mr. Goschen in a speech the same day said:—Claiming credit for the Government in respect to foreign policy, he said they regretted deeply that the more even tenor of their policy had recently been disturbed by a serious disagreement with an old ally, the high-spirited little kingdom of Portugal. They deeply regretted that a course which keenly affected the feelings of that nation had been absolutely and unavoidably forced upon them. Recognising that there was in Lisbon at present a feeling of irritability often taking very outrageous forms, he hoped that in this country no language would be used to embitter still further what might be called the personal relations between the two countries. He had some confidence that when the whole question was understood those would have least reason to look back with regret who had been most moderate in their language. (Hear, hear.) The matters at issue between Portugal and this country were not light. They vitally affected the interests and honour of this country. It was since the great discoveries of Livingstone and Stanley that Portuguese ambition and activity had been roused once more, after sleeping for almost 200 years. For some years past Portugal had, against the repeated, urgent, though calm protests of this country, embarked on a policy entirely counter to England's just and historic claims. The whole of the country now claimed by the Portuguese was studded with the graves of English and Scotch explorers and missionaries, and with the monuments of English determination to carry civilization into the Dark Continent. (Cheers.) Major Serpa Pinto would not be permitted to tear up our title deeds to that country. (Renewed cheers.) The Portuguese had no shadow of a right to it; but in the absence of that right they had sent an armed expedition, which had slaughtered natives who were, as had been notified to the Portuguese, under British protection. Was that an action that could possibly be endured? ("No, no.") The Portuguese declared that Major Serpa Pinto was simply a member of a scientific expedition, which had defended itself from an attack by natives. But M. Farras, the engineer in charge of this scientific expedition, used these words in a despatch to his Government: "I hope not to return to Lisbon without concluding some important works here, in addition to the pacification of this region and its submission to the Crown of Portugal." (Hear, hear.) Portugal now appealed to mediation; but he thought the appeal came rather late, seeing that her troops had already acted. "First subdue your district, hold it by force of arms, and then appeal to mediation." (Laughter.) That did not appear to him a common-sense course, and he wondered whether any Great Power in Europe would consent to mediation, except after the recall of hostile troops from the country in dispute. (Cheers.) In this question there was more than one point to be considered. For months the Portuguese refused to permit the passage of arms with which our missionaries in the Nyassa country could defend themselves from the Arabs. In doing so they calculated that the missionaries would be compelled to call for the protection of Portugal; and her Majesty's Government had to use resolute language before arms could be forwarded to the mission stations. At the same time secret expeditions were being armed to assert Portuguese supremacy, while this country was still confining its action to words. Under such circumstances remonstrance had ceased to be in place. (Cheers.) Not only the honour of this country, the efforts of our missionaries, and the traditional exertions of our explorers were at stake, but also large questions of policy affecting almost the whole of Africa, and if her Majesty's Ministers commanded, as he believed they did, the confidence of their countrymen, they would carry these questions to a successful issue. (Cheers.)

TO THE DEAF.

A PERSON cured of Deafness and Noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy, will send a description of it free to any person who applies to J. H. NICHOLSON, 5, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

THE WEST-END SCANDALS.

AT Bow-street Police-court, on the 23rd ult., Mr. Vaughan continued in the Extradition Court the hearing of the charge of conspiracy against Mr. Arthur Newton, solicitor, of Great Marlborough-street, Frederick Taylerson, his clerk, and M. de Galla, as interpreter. The same counsel appeared as before—Mr. Horace Avory for the prosecution; Mr. C. F. Gill for Mr. Newton; and Mr. St. John Wontner, solicitor, for De Galla and Taylerson.

Mr. Gill, in addressing the magistrate, said that his client had at no time sought to conceal his conduct, but the Treasury authorities had been imposed upon by the police with a view to putting a different colour upon the case. It was only natural that when Hanks swore to seeing Mr. Newton hanging about outside the Marlborough Road public-house, suspicion should be thrown upon his client. He said without fear of contradiction that Hanks had deliberately sworn to what he knew was absolutely false. Fortunately this could be proved, as the lie had been told with circumstance. As to Mr. Newton walking hurriedly away when he saw Inspector Abberline, more than one witness would show how false this statement was. Mr. Newton was not within miles of the place. On that night he left his office at seven o'clock, went home to Maida, and had a dinner party. As to where he was at nine o'clock, he (Mr. Gill) attached so much importance to it that he would call all the persons who were in the place at the time. Taylerson was upset at the conduct of Inspector Abberline in the public-house, went down to his employer and spoke to him, being seen to arrive by an present. As to the incidents in connection with Hammond, that man, being out of the jurisdiction of the court, was assisting persons in England with a view to levying blackmail. Mr. Newton's clients were consulting him with regard to that, and the communication with Hammond could not in any way have obstructed the course of justice. Where was the conspiracy to defeat justice in his relations with Hammond? In Belgium he was as safe as in any place in the world; and how could the fact of supplying him with money to go to America by obstructing the due course of the law? The man had been allowed to leave England in July, and Mr. Newton did not see him until October. The matter in reference to Allen was upon an entirely different footing, there being no attempt to get him out of the country. Then it was said that De Galla saw two other boys, but that statement should be considered in connection with other facts. Lord A. Somerset having waited in the country for some months with his name connected with rumours, did not leave England until October 18, up to which time no charge had been definitely brought against him. On November 12 a warrant was applied for against him. Supposing Mr. Newton had been desirous of learning what had given rise to the rumours against any person whose name had been mentioned in relation to Cleveland-street; assuming that he had been seen by Lord A. Somerset's father, who desired that he should make inquiries and get at the origin of the suggestions made against his son, and the foundation for them, what more natural than he should see the lads? The lads had gone to from July, and during all those months Mr. Newton had never been in communication with them, knowing perfectly well where they lived. The time came when the police had done with the boys, and had ceased to hawk them about the streets seeking whom character they could smirch for life by pointing out any person they chanced to meet. When the lads had ceased to receive their weekly wage for doing nothing, they saw Mr. Newton. He may have acted indiscreetly, but it was then December, and he had every right to assume that the case was at an end. The police had done with them, they had been finally discharged from the Post Office, and the question was when did the course of justice come in a case? Supposing they had been sent away, even then how could the ends of justice have been defeated? Mr. Newton having seen the lads, instructed De Galla to see them the next day. Had it been intended to send them away, why were they not taken out of the country the first day, instead of being put off. The whole conversation of De Galla with the boys was idle nonsense. Upon the facts connected with the three indictments, he submitted there was no evidence as to conspiracy, and he asked the learned magistrate whether there was any need to send the case for trial, but that rather the whole proceedings should be ended by dismissing the summons.

The court then adjourned for luncheon. On resuming,

Mr. St. John Wontner said that Mr. Gill had so covered the whole ground that he would not address the magistrate at length. He would only say on behalf of De Galla and Taylerson that there was never any sort of communication between them, and that all they did individually was under the instruction of their principal, and relying upon his judgment.

Mr. B. Samuelson, of Rosebery-villas, Oxford-road, Putney, an accountant, deposed that he had known Mr. Newton for about 10 years. On the 25th September last witness's wife and a Miss Bedford went down to Mr. Newton's house, Ambleside, New Malden, Surrey. The witness followed in the evening, and was present at dinner at eight o'clock. The company included Mrs. Newton, Miss Crosby, a cousin of the former, and Mrs. Newton's grandmother. Mr. Newton arrived home about eight o'clock, the journey from his office being about an hour's ride. At ten o'clock a servant came into the room, and told Mr. Newton that Taylerson wished to speak with him. From eight till ten o'clock Mr. Newton had not been out of the house. On December 24 the witness read an account of the case opened against Mr. Newton, and his attention was attracted to the statement that Mr. Newton was seen in Marlborough-street on the 25th of September, about 9-15 p.m. The witness at once mentioned the matter to his wife, and on December 27 went and made a statement at Mr. Newton's office. His wife was very ill at present, and could not give evidence.

By Mr. Avory: Miss Bedford was staying with witness at the time. He believed the 25th September was a Tuesday or a Thursday or Friday. Taylerson was not at Ambleside more than 10 minutes, and about the same time the witness had to leave, so they walked to the station together, accompanied by Mr. Newton. The witness and his wife left the train at Wimbledon. It was apparently in consequence of the communication from Taylerson that Mr. Newton went up to town with him.

By Mr. Gill: On no other occasion had Taylerson come to the house when the witness was dining there, nor had Miss Bedford ever been there before or since when the witness was one of the party.

Miss Eva May Bedford, of Hillside, Marlow, said she knew the Newtons and the Samuelsons. In September of last year she went, on the 15th, on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Samuelson and accompanied the latter to Ambleside on the 25th, a Wednesday. Mr. Newton arrived home shortly before eight o'clock, and after dinner, about nine o'clock, they went into the drawing-room. Some one came, near 10 o'clock, and the witness heard Mr. Taylerson's name mentioned. From eight o'clock until that time Mr. Newton had remained in the house. Something was afterwards said by Mr. Newton as to why Taylerson had come down to see him. The witness read the opening statement when the case was started against Mr. Newton, and spoke to her sister about it.

By Mr. Avory: The fact of Mr. Taylerson calling and Mr. Newton going back to town that night, did not at the time strike the witness as peculiar. She had since stayed a week with Mrs. Newton at Ambleside, from January 4th.

Miss Eva Violet Crosby, of Carlile, said she lived with her grandmother, who was infirm. The witness went to stop at Ambleside on September last, being accompanied by her grandmother. The witness corroborated the evidence previously given as to what occurred on the evening of September 25.

Mary Coney, cook in the employ of Mr. Newton, spoke to seeing Taylerson in the hall about 10 p.m. on September 25.

Lucy Thorne, of South-lane, New Malden, said she was in the service of Mr. Newton in September last. She opened the door to Mr. Taylerson on the night of the 25th. Witness had never seen him before. She waited at dinner that evening, and corroborated the testimony as to the presence of Mr. Newton.

James Lines, a groom, in the employ of Mr. Newton, deposed to driving the Samuelsons, Mr. Newton, and Taylerson to the railway station on the night of the 25th September.

Mr. Gill stated that this concluded the evidence for the defence.

Mr. Vaughan said he agreed with many of the observations addressed by the learned counsel, and he joined in the expression of regret that Mr. Newton, who had practised before him and whose conduct had met with his approval on several occasions, should have laid himself open to a charge of conspiracy. He could not agree with the opinion that there was no evidence before him in support of the charge. Conspiracy was one of those offences which need not be proved by evidence of any direct combination. It was sufficient to prove that persons were acting with a common object, and that their actions converged to one common point. In his opinion the evidence tended to show that all the defendants were acting together for the accomplishment of a definite object. He did not propose to follow the learned counsel respecting the circumstances which attended the initiation of the case and down to September 18. The observations which were made were very much outside the question. He could only arrive at the conclusion, after looking at all the facts, that there was an object on the part of the defendants to abduct certain boys from the jurisdiction of the courts, and to remove them to distant parts so that their evidence could not be available against persons who might be prosecuted. The letters Mr. Newton wrote to the Treasury were, to say the least of it, untruthful, and as far as Hammond was concerned he believed Mr. Newton thought his offence was extraditable. He would have been glad to come to some other conclusion with regard to the whole case, but he could not but think that it had, *prima facie*, been established. The three defendants would be committed for trial at the next sessions of the Central Criminal Court.

Mr. Newton, in a statement addressed to the court, said he was guiltless of any intention of doing wrong. All through he acted under the best legal advice, doing what he considered and still believed to be right and proper.

Taylerson pointed out that he had only acted under his employer's instructions. Many of Allies' statements were untrue.

De Galla said he was employed by Mr. Newton to make inquiries, and only acted under orders. He had no intention to interfere with the due course of justice.

On the application of Mr. Gill, bail was allowed in one surety of £100 for each defendant.

A SECOND CHARGE AGAINST THE EARL OF GALLOWAY.

ON Thursday (Jan. 16) at the Glasgow Central Police Court—before Mr. Gemmel, Stipendiary Magistrate—Alan Plantagenet Stewart, Earl of Galloway, was charged with having on the previous Wednesday afternoon, in the Trongate and Argyle Street, been "riotous, disorderly, or indecent in his behaviour, by accosting and following and molesting Margaret Brown, residing at 37, Wells Street, Glasgow, and one or more female passengers, whose names and addresses are unknown to the complainer, whereby the lieges were annoyed and disturbed." His Lordship pleaded not guilty, and was defended by Mr C D. Dorald, writer. Police Superintendent Orr conducted the prosecution. Marg

SPORTING NOTES.

Now that the complete list of Spring Entries has been published it is possible to form an idea of what the [illegible] will be like, and as the basis the present year is certainly good. There is, however, a great decline in the numbers for the Lincolnshire Handicap, 72 only being nominated as against the 94 of last year. The Kempton Park Jubilee Stakes has fallen from 68 to 56; the Crawfurd Plate from 53 to 33; and the Babraham Plate from 34 to 27. Against this can be claimed an increase from 60 to 66 in the City and Suburban, from 38 to 52 in the Great Metropolitan, and from 46 to 53 in the Chester Cup. There is not much difference, therefore, in the aggregate numbers, and for the purpose of comparison between this and last year the writer has examined the Lincolnshire Handicap, the Crawfurd Plate, the Babraham Plate, the City and Suburban and the Kempton Park Jubilee Handicap with the following result. A twelvemonth ago these five races were patronised by the owners of 151 horses this year, the same five events show 147 subscribers, a difference only of 4. In 1889, however, the 151 animals were more freely entered, for whereas seventeen of them had been nominated for at least four of the five events, this year only four animals have incurred liabilities for this number of races.

The only three handicaps in which any preliminary wagering occure are the Lincolnshire Handicap, the City and Suburban, and the Kempton Jubilee Stakes, and while no fewer than 21 horses were entered for each of these events last year, only nine now appear in all of them. They are Danbydale, Devilish, L'Abbesse de Jouarre, Laureate, Mortaigne, Pioneer, Royal Star, Socrates, and Theophilus. Class is fairly well represented in the Lancashire, the names best known being, in addition to the above list, Sheen, Jerzeel, Claribelle. The Rejected, Lisbon, The Turcophone, Wise Man (last year's winner), Juggler, Crowberry (who was believed by most people to have taken leave of the turf), Aperse, Theosophist, Friday, Quartus, and Whitelegs. That imposter The Baron, who was third a twelvemonth ago, also appears, but Acme, who divided him from the winner, is dead.

During the spring and early summer which follows immediately after a racehorse's juvenile career is ended, probably a greater improvement is made than at any other six months of his life, and this must be taken into consideration in accounting for the greater frequency in which the names appear in the list of winners of the City and Suburban, although a three-year-old has only won this race once in the last seven years. From 1868 to 1876, however, they had a rare winnings being victorious on six occasions. This year as against the five in the Lincolnshire, there are 22 out of the 66 in the City and Suburban, and no fewer than 25 out of the 56 in the Kempton Jubilee Stakes. Although the highest class as represented by Signorina, LeNord, Riviera, Heaume and Semolina, is missing, yet Bona, Bert, Garrick, Galway, Gold Wing, Innisheen, Killowen, Lightfoot, Lockart, Marvel, Master Astley, Narrator, Odd Fellow, Pink Pearl, Rathbeal, Ratton, Sainfoin, and Shall We Remember can all be put down as above the average, and will give Major Egerton and Mr. Dorling plenty of trouble to bring them fairly together, not only as regards themselves, but also with their older opponents.

The City and Suburban horses includes, in addition to the three-year-olds and others mentioned above, Amphion, Veracity, Sheen, Reve d'Or, Ringmaster, Vasistas, Miguel, Pinzon, Houndsditch, Workington, Seclusion, Antibes, Link Boy, Abeyance, Wishing Gate, Philomel, Felix, Friday, Quartus, and Minthe, a remarkably good lot of horses. Of the above lot Mr. Lowther's pair are missing from the Jubilee Skates, but Amphion, last year's winner, Veracity, Seclusion, Antibes, Vasistas, Philomel, Friday, and Quartus are set down, as also in addition are Screech Owl, who was second to General Byron's colt, Bullion, Martley, Theophilus, and Lisbon, who were also among the runners last May. The only others of note are Whitelegs, Claribelle, El Dorado, Enthusiast, Napoleon, and Juggler.

With regard to the animals left in the Derby after the declaration of the 25 sovs. forfeit, not one of those possessing on their two-year-old form even the remotest chance has disappeared, as will be seen when it is mentioned that the best known who have been taken away are Lockhart, Marchesi, Quicksight, Scotch Earl, Fourposter, MacMorrogh, Grand Prior, Far Niente, Wayland, and L'Abbe Morin. Of the 66 left standing Jewitt is responsible for half a dozen, which comprise Killowen, Rathbeal, Ostrogoth Heckberry, Zisca and Symbol. Marsh has five in Loup, Fear Disgrace, Odd Fellow, Merry Monk, and Delaval, and Matthew Dawson, Hayhoe, George Dawson, and John Porter have a pair each, the first named being responsible for Kirkham and Narellan, the two Australian colts, and Whaup and Dort, and the last-named for Right Away, Sainfoin, The Imp, and Orwell. Undoubtedly the strongest hand is that held by Hayhoe, who with Le Nord, Heaume, Vermillon, and Poonius will take a lot of beating. George Dawson with St. Serf, Master Astley, Hunciecroft, and Abingdon has probably in the first-named pair a couple of useful colts, but his prospects are not to be compared to those he possessed at this time last year.

As there is no further forfeit doubtless the field will be a large one as several of those left in apparently with little prospects of success, if judged by their record, may be sent to the post either from a desire of their owners to see their colours represented in this, the most important race of the year; or else on the off chance of something happening to the favourites during the contest. Of course Surefoot and Riviera are among the acceptors, the latter being accompanied by Janissary, who is reported to have improved a great deal since his only appearance in public in the Second Spring Meeting at Newmarket, when he ran second to Signorina, who beat him only by three parts of a length, the colt conceding 6lb. This was a smart performance, and will quite account for the inquiries recently made on his behalf for the great Epsom event. There is something like £600 over the amount guaranteed by the Epsom race fund, which will not, however, as stated in some quarters, go to the credit of the company, as the conditions expressly state that "any surplus is to be paid to the winner." For the Oaks there are only 39 of the 168 subscribers who remain in; and here the Epsom authorities will have to put their hands in their pockets for a small sum, the amount guaranteed not having been reached. The presence of Signorina, Riviera, Semolina, Memoir, and Formidable will fully account for the great bulk of the withdrawals; as, apart from these and perhaps some three or four others, the fillies are much below the average.

Fields ruled small at Wye on the 23rd ult. as in the half-dozen events which composed the card only 20 horses of poor class faced the starter. Backers of first favourites, who have had a bad time of it lately, fared better, as four out of six got home. Odds were laid on Albion, who made his *debut* over a country in the Harville Steeplechase, and Mr. Gooch's four-year-old, son of Silvester, never gave his friends any uneasiness, and won as he liked. Only three sported silk for the Chilham Hurdle Race and of these odds were betted on Crofter, who was a bit lucky to win, as Good Words was a trifle lame and was beaten when they entered the straight, and although Brian Boru was full of running after clearing the last hurdles, his rider, McKie, was unable to make sufficient use of him when the pinch came, and made his effort a trifle late. Crofter was thus able to win, and on being put up to auction was bought in for 82gs. Later in the day the son of Scottish Chief, who seems to be a general utility sort of horse was pulled out once more for the Hythe Selling Steeplechase, and again landed the odds betted on him with absurd ease. On being subjected to the rostrum a second time he changed hand, Mr. Kennedy purchasing him for 110 gs.

Egalite bowled over a warm favourite in Frethorne in the Tally Ho Maiden Hunters' Hurdle Plate, and was promptly objected to by Mr Woodland, the owner of the second horse, on the ground that Mr. C. Stagg, who owns Egalite, and rode him in the race, was not a qualified rider. When the stewards took the matter into consideration Mr. Stagg had left, and so the matter remains in abeyance. In the last race of the day Ben Bolt, who met Zelotes on 11b. worse terms than on the previous day, had to be well ridden by Sensier for the first mile, after which he fairly settled down to his work, and was very easily from Southbank. Zelotes evidently did not appreciate the heavy going.

A capital entry has been obtained for the Leicester February Hurdle Race Plate, to be run on February 5th inst. Of the 48 nominations, Prince Frederick and Silver Sea are assessed at 12st. 7lb. each. The Sharper coming next at 12st. 6lb; the rogue Roquefort at 12st. 4lb.; Castilian 12st. 3lb. and The Tyke 12st. 2lb.

The Emperor of Germany is beginning to take an interest in horses that is not entirely of a military character, for at a meeting of the International Club, at Baden-Baden, held on the 19th ult., the Prince-President announced that the German Emperor will this year add a prize to the Baden Grand Army Steeplechase.

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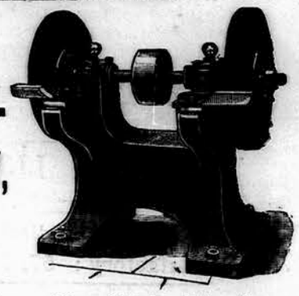

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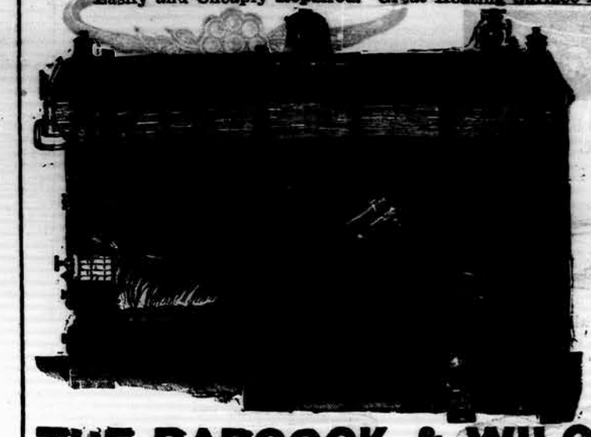

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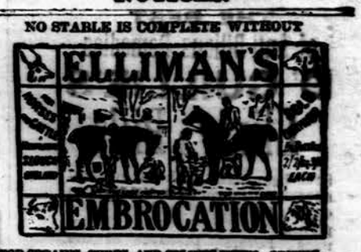

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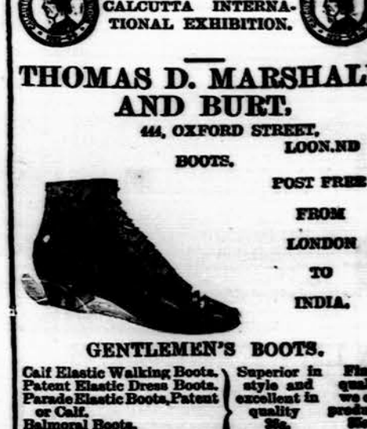

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These capsules possess the tonic properties of tar combined with the antiblennorrhagic action of copaiba. They do not fatigue the stomach and do not produce diarrhœa or nausea. They constitute the remedy par excellence in the treatment of discharges whether recent or chronic.
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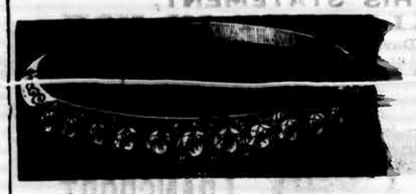
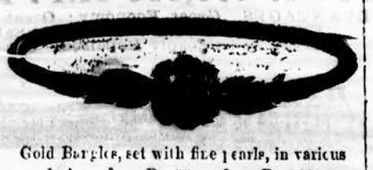

Gold Bracelet, artistically set with 13 very fine Brilliants, Rs. 850.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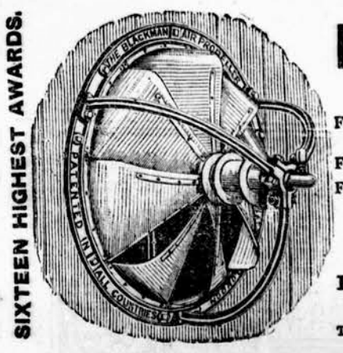

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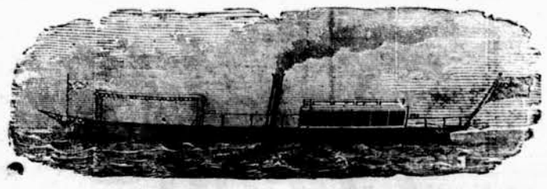
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